The Globe.

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, Publishers. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

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TERMS OF THE GLOBE.

Per annum in advance.....$2 50
Six months.....1 00
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	1 insertion.	2 do.	3 do.
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☞Ten lines of nonpareil make a square. About eight words constitute a line, so that any person can easily calculate a square in manuscript.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

Our prices for the printing of Blanks, Handbills, etc. are reasonably low.

Huntingdon Business Directory.

[The following Cards are published gratuitously. Merchants and business men generally who advertise liberally in the columns of THE GLOBE *for six months or longer, will have their Cards inserted here during the continuance of their advertisement. Otherwise, special Business Cards inserted at the usual rates.]*

DR. WM. BREWSTER, McConnellstown. [Cures by Electropathy.]

B. M. GREENE, Dealer in Music, musical Instruments, Sewing Machines, in Leister's new building, (second floor.)

WM. LEWIS, Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, corner of the Diamond.

W. B. ZEIGLER, Dealer in Ladies and Children's Furnishing Goods, opposite the First National Bank.

W. P. RUDOLPH, Dealer in Ladies and Gents' Furnishing Goods, opposite Leister's new building

GEO. F. MARSH, Merchant Tailor, opposite, Lewis' Book Store.

H. GREENBERG, Merchant Tailor, in the Diamond.

M'CAHAN & SON, proprietors of Juniata Steam Pearl Mill, West Huntingdon.

J. M. GREENE & F. O. BEAVER, Marble Manufacturers, Mifflin street, near the Lutheran church.

WM. WILLIAMS, Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

JAMES HIGGENS, Manufacturer of Furniture and Cabinet Ware, Huntingdon, Pa.

J. M. WISE, Manufacturer of Furniture, &c., Huntingdon. Undertaking attended to

WHARTON & MAGUIRE, Wholesale and retail dealers in foreign and domestic Hardware, Cutlery, &c., Railroad street, Huntingdon.

JAMES A. BROWN, Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

C. H. MILLER & SON, Dealers in all kinds of Fine Leather, Findings, &c, &c, near the Presbyterian church.

WM. AFRICA, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, in the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK, Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Hosiery, Confectionery, Huntingdon.

GEO. SHAEFFER, dealer in Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c., Huntingdon.

A. L. LEWIS, Wholesale and retail Merchant, Leister's New Building, Huntingdon.

JOHNSTON & WATTSON, Merchants, Main st., east of Washington Hotel, Huntingdon

GLAZIER & BRO., Retail Merchants, Washington st., near the jail, Huntingdon.

Z. YENTER, Dealer in Groceries and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. MARCH & BRO. Dealers in Dry Goods, Queensware, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, &c.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON, Merchants, Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN, Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps,

D. P. GWIN, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c. Huntingdon

S. E. HENRY & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon.

ISAAC K. STAUFFER,

WATCHMAKER and JEWELER,

No. 145 North 2d Street, corner of Quarry,

PHILADELPHIA.

An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware constantly on hand.

SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

☞Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to. nov.27-1y

SILVER'S WASH POWDER!

SAVES TIME, LABOR, MONEY.

Makes Washing a Pastime and Monday a Festival.

SOLD EVERYWHERE. TRY IT!

Address all orders to the Manufacturers

ZIEGLER & SMITH,

Chemists and Wholesale Druggists,

nov.27-1y No. 137 Nth. Third Street, Philada,

THE GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing in the best style, every variety of Job Printing, such as

HAND BILLS,
CIRCULARS,
BILL HEADS,
POSTERS,
BALL TICKETS,
CARDS,
PROGRAMMES,
BLANKS,
LABELS, &C., &C., &C

CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK, LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

WINDOW CURTAIN PAPERS,

A LARGE STOCK

AND

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

OF

Window Curtain Papers,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

ENVELOPE MANUFACTORY,

Nos. 323 *and* 325 *Market street,*

HARRISBURG, PA.

Envelopes of all the standard sizes, colors and qualities together with Ladies' Note, Wedding and Mourning Envelopes, furnished at

LESS THAN NEW YORK PRICES!

All goods warranted. Address orders to

SINGERLY & MYERS,

o27-1m Nos. 323 and 325 Market st., Harrisburg.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

The best Flour, by the barrel or smaller quantity for sale at Lewis' Family Grocery.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Goods at Lewis' Family Grocery.

Professional & Business Cards.

DR R. R. WIESTLING most respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity.
Office that of the late Dr. Snare. mch13-1y*

DR. A. B. BRUMBAUGH, Having permanently located at Huntingdon, offers his professional services to the community.
Office, the same as that lately occupied by Dr. Luden on Hill street. apl0,1866

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 28, '55.

R. ALLISON MILLER, *DENTIST,*

Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House. April 13, 1859.

E. J. GREENE, DENTIST.
Office removed to Leister's New Building, Hill street, Huntingdon. July 31, 1867.

J. A. POLLOCK, *SURVEYOR & REAL ESTATE AGENT,*

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Will attend to Surveying in all its branches, and will buy and sell Real Estate in any part of the United States. Send for circular. dec29-tf

WASHINGTON HOTEL, HUNTINGDON, PA.

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon county and the traveling public generally that he has leased the Washington House on the corner of Hill and Charles street, in the borough of Huntingdon, and he is prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with a call. Will be pleased to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
AUGUSTUS LETTERMAN.
July 31, '67-tf.

MILTON S. LYTLE, *ATTORNEY AT LAW,*

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Prompt attention given to all legal business entrusted to his care. Claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government collected without delay. se12'66

R. McMURTRIE, *ATTORNEY AT LAW,*

Office on Hill street. HUNTINGDON, PA.

Prompt attention will be given to the prosecution of the claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs, against the Government. an22,1866

AGEENCY FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS' CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.

All who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to

W. H. WOODS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
aug12,1863 HUNTINGDON, PA.

LAW AND COLLECTION OFFICE
OF
K. ALLEN LOVELL,
District Attorney of Huntingdon County,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
OFFICE—In the Brick Row, opposite the Court House
jan.1.1867

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. BAILEY

The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to
SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,
under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.
PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted.
May 17, 1865—tf.

A. C. CLARKE, AGENT,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of
SEGARS & TOBACCO,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Next door to the Franklin House, in the Diamond.
Country trade supplied. ap17'67

GEO. W. SWARTZ;
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
AMERICAN WATCHES, Fine Gold JEWELRY, &c., &c., opposite J. A. Brown's Mammoth Hard ware store. ☞Watches neatly repaired and warranted.
Huntingdon, Sept 19, 1867-3m

LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATHS.

HEMLOCK, PINE BILL STUFF, Boards, Plank, Shingles, Plastering and Shingling Lath, constantly on hand.
Worked Flooring, Sash, Blinds, Doors, Door and Window Frames, furnished at manufacturers' prices.
Grain and country product generally bought at market rates. WAGONER & BRO.,
aug26-tf Phillipsburg, Centre co., Pa.

JUNIATA
STEAM PEARL MILL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

THIS MILL is a complete success in the manufacture of FLOUR, &c. It has lately been thoroughly repaired and is now in good running order and in full operation.

The burrs and choppers are new and of superior quality—cannot be excelled. And we are grateful to know that our work has given entire satisfaction to our customers, to whom we tender our thanks.

We have in our employ one of the best millers in the county, and a faithful and capable engineer. Thus equipped and encouraged, we are determined to persevere in our efforts to accommodate and please the public, hoping thereby to merit and receive a liberal share of patronage to sustain us in our enterprise for the public interest.

Market price paid for the different kinds of grain on delivery.

Flour and Chop, on hand, for sale.
JOHN R. McCAHAN & SON.
Huntingdon, Nov. 29, 1867

CHEAP GROCERY STORE.
Z. YENTER,
HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PA.

THE undersigned offers for the inspection and purchase of customers a large and assorted stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c. He feels satisfied they can be accomodated with anything in his line. His prices are low, and his stock fresh and good. He keeps the best of

SUGAR, COFFEE,
TEAS, SPICES, SALT,
TOBACCO & SEGARS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS & CAPS, &c.

ALSO—
HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,
MOLASSES, OILS, VINEGAR,
FISH, CHEESE, FLOUR RICE,
And NOTIONS of every kind.

A select stock of DRY GOODS, together with QUEENSWARE, and all other articles kept in a well regulated establishment for sale at reasonable prices.
☞His store is on Hill street, nearly opposite the Bank, and in the room formerly occupied by D. Grove.
Call and examine. Z. YENTER.
Huntingdon, Oct. 8, 1867

☞For School Books and School Stationery of all kinds call at Lewis' Book Store.

☞Blank Books for the desk and pocket, for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

WHAT IS RELIGION.

Is it to go to church to-day,
To keep devout and seem to pray
And ere to-morrow's sun goes down
Be dealing slander through the town?

Does every sanctimonious face
Denote the certain reign of grace?
Does not a phiz which scowls at sin—
Oft veil hypocrisy within?

Is it to take our daily walk,
And of our own good deeds to talk;
Yet often practice secret crime,
And thus misspend our precious time?

Is it for sect and creed to fight,
To call our zeal the rule of right,
When what we wish is, at the best
To see our church excel the rest?

Is it to wear the Christian dress,
And love to all mankind profess,
To treat with scorn the humble poor,
And bar against them every door?

Oh, no! religion means not this,
Its fruit more sweet and fairer is;
Its precepts this—to others do
As you would have them do to you.

It grieves to hear an ill report,
And scorns with human woes to sport;
Of others' deeds it speaks no ill,
But tells of good or else keeps still.

And does religion this impart?
Then may its influence fill my heart!
Oh! haste the blissful, joyful day,
When all the world may own its sway.

FEMALE CLERKS.—The editor of the Albany *Knickerbocker* is in Europe, and sends the following account of the general employment of females:

The women, by the way, do nearly all the trading in Ireland. At our hotel a woman shows you to your room, you pay your bill to a woman, and you are politely bowed out of the house by the housekeeper. It is rare to find a retail store in Cork where a female is not seen behind the counter. We are told that the same thing prevails throughout all the British provinces. The reason given for employing them is that their follies are not only less numerous, but much lower priced. Females may sport fifty dollar mantles, but they never go on fifty dollar 'busts.' Females never spend a whole week's wages on billiard tables. Girls never 'put-the party through,' kick up a row and get dragged to the station house. Fast horses they avoid, and roulette tables and game cocks. Who ever saw a female hanging round a gambling table, or betting her last five dollars that she can tell where the 'little joker' is? Who ever saw a female clerk, after the store was shut, rambling up Broadway, 'raising thunder,' and breaking things? Who ever saw a respectable girl knocking over dry goods boxes and standing 'M. P.'s' on their heads? No one; and yet respectable young men do these things nightly. When was a female clerk ever arrested for having a 'suspicious character' locked up in the store with her after midnight? In view of all these facts, is it any wonder that the merchants on this side run to female clerks?

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DEATHS CAUSED BY STARVATION.—A letter from Paris, dated January 5, says: "The poorer classes are now undergoing tremendous sufferings, not only in France, but in Algeria. In that colony, according to the Archbishop of Algiers, the Arab population are dragging out an existence of misery—feeding, like animals, on the foliage of trees, wandering almost naked (writes Monseigneur, along the roads, awaiting, in the neighborhood of cities and villages, for the emptying of household refuse, to quarrel over the filthy remains. To these starving, nay, dying tribes, nothing that can be devoured is repulsive. So desperate is their condition (I translate the Archbishop's words) that 'they actually dig up the carcasses of animals that have died of disease. A heap of ten and twelve bodies of dead Arabs lying by the roadside is no uncommon spectacle.' When these poor men feel the approach of death—the slow and horrible death of famine—they do not complain; they stretch themselves near some roadside, cover themselves as well as they can with the wretched rags they may possess, and covering their faces, await their last hour, murmuring the name of 'Allah!' It is thus they died of cholera all last summer; it is thus they now die of hunger, literally mown down by this plague. Calculations which are not exaggerated bring the number of the victims within the last six months to above one hundred thousand."

THE BIRTHPLACE OF GENIUS.—It is one of the mysteries of life that genius, that noblest gift of God to man, is nourished by poverty. Its greatest works have been achieved by the sorrowing ones of the world in tears and despair. Not in the brilliant saloon, furnished with every comfort and elegance—not in the library well fitted, softly carpeted, and looking out upon a smooth green lawn or a broad expanse of scenery—not in ease and competence is genius born and nurtured, but more frequently in adversity and destitution, amidst the harassing cares of a straitened household, in bare and fireless garrets, with the noise of squalid children, in the midst of the turbulence of domestic contentions, and in the deep gloom of uncheered despair, is genius born and reared. This is its birthplace, and in scenes like these, unpropitious, repulsive, wretched, have men labored, studied, and trained themselves until they have at last emanated out of the gloom of that obscurity, the shining lights of their times—become the companions of kings, the guides and teachers of their kind, and exercised an influence upon the thought of the world amounting to a species of intellectual legislation.

The Latest Wonder.

A Steam Man---An Extraordinary Invention.

[From the Newark (N. J.) Advertiser.]

Mr. Zaddock Deddrick, a Newark machinist, has invented a man; one that, moved by steam, will perform some of the most important functions of humanity; that will, standing upright, walk or run, as he is bid, in any direction and at almost any rate or speed, drawing after him a load whose weight would tax the strength of three stout draught horses. The history of this curious invention is as follows:—

Six years ago, Mr. Deddrick, the inventor, who is at present but 22 years of age, conceived the novel idea of constructing a man that should receive its vitality from a perpetual motion machine. The idea was based on the well-known mechanical principle that if a heavy weight be placed at the top of an upright slightly inclined from a vertical, gravitation will tend to produce a horizontal as well as vertical motion. The project was not successful. However, observing carefully the cause of the failure, preserving and perfecting the man form, and by substituting steam in place of the perpetual motion machine, the present success was attained.

The man stands seven feet and nine inches high, the other dimensions of the body being correctly proportioned, making him a second Daniel Lambert, by which name he is facetitiously spoken of among the workmen. He weighs five hundred pounds. Steam is generated in the body or trunk which is nothing but a three horse power engine. The legs which support it are complicated and wonderful. The steps are taken very naturally and quite easily. As the body is thrown forward upon the advanced foot the other is lifted from the ground by a spring and thrown forward by the steam.—Each step or pace advances the body two feet, and every revolution of the engine produces four paces. As the engine is capable of making more than a thousand revolutions a minute, it would get over the ground, at this calculation, at the rate of a little more than a mile a minute. As this would be working the legs faster than would be safe on uneven ground or on Broad street cobble stones, it is proposed to run the engine at the rate of five hundred revolutions per minute, which would walk the man at the modest speed of half a mile per minute.

The fellow is attached to a common Rockaway carriage, the shafts of which serve to support him in a vertical position. These shafts are two bars of iron, fastened in the usual manner to the front of the carriage, and are curved so as to be joined to a circular sustaining bar, which passes around the waist like a girth, and in which the man moves so as to face in any direction. Besides these motions, machinery has been arranged by which the figure can be thrown backward or forward from a vertical nearly forty-five degrees.—This is done in order to enable it to ascend or descend all grades. To the soles of the feet spikes or corks are fixed, which effectually prevent slipping. The whole affair is so firmly sustained by the shafts, and has so excellent a foothold, that two men are unable to push it over, or in any way throw it down. In order to enable it to stop quickly, it is provided with two appliances, one of which will, as before stated, throw it backward from the vertical, while the other bends the knees in the direction opposite to the natural position.

An upright post, which is arranged in front of the dash board, and within easy reach of the front seats, sustains two miniature pilot wheels, by the turning of which these various motions and evolutions are directed. It is expected that a sufficiently large amount of coal can be stowed away under the back seat of the carriage to work the engine for a day, and enough of water in a tank under the front seat to last half a day.

In order to prevent the "giant" from frightening horses by its wonderful appearance, Mr. Deddrick intends to clothe it and it as nearly as possible a likeness to the rest of humanity. The boiler, and such parts as are necessarily heated, will be encased in felt or woolen undergarments. Pantaloons, coat, and vest, of the latest styles, are provided. Whenever the fire needs coaling, which is every two or three hours, the driver stops the machine, descends from his seat, unbuttons "Daniel's" vest, opens a door, shovels in the fuel, buttons up the vest and drives on. On the back between the shoulders the steam cocks and gauges are placed. As these would cause the coat to set awkwardly, a knap-sack has been provided that completely covers them. A blanket neatly rolled up and placed on top of the knap-sack perfects the delusion. The face is moulded into a cheerful countenance of white enamel, which contrasts well with the dark hair and moustache. A sheet iron hat with a gauge top acts as a smoke stack.

The cost of this "first-man" is $2,000 though the makers, Messrs. Deddrick & Grass, expect to manufacture succeeding ones, warranted to run a year without repair, for $300. The same parties expect to contract, on the same principle, horses which will do the duty of ten or twelve ordinary animals of the same species. These, it is confidently believed, can be used alike before carriages, street cars and ploughs. The man now constructed can make his way without difficulty over any irregular surface whose ruts and stones are not more than nine inches below or above the level of the road.

☞No good building without a good foundation

SPIRIT OF THE PRESS.

Congress and the Supreme Court.

[From the New York Times, (Republican.)]

The extremists are reckless, if not desperate. For twelve months past they have been engaged in tying the hands of the President, and stripping him of authority conferred by the Constitution; and now they are about to attempt the same operation upon the Supreme Court, with the view of preventing an adverse decision upon the Reconstruction acts.

On the part of those who share the views of Mr. Stevens, the talked-of measure will be consistent. Whatever else may be charged against them, they at least have not resorted to false pretenses to justify the Congressional policy. No constitutional scruple has been allowed to stand in their way. They have boldly confessed that policy unconstitutional, and have rested its defense upon the plea of revolutionary necessity. The Constitution, according to their theory, is for the time subject to the higher law of the conqueror as interpreted by a partisan majority. If essential to their plans, they would disregard every constitutional right of the Executive, and make the Supreme Court in all things subservient to their will.

In pursuance of the latter determination, it is understood that the House Judiciary Committee have in preparation a bill making imperative the concurrence of two-thirds of the Supreme Court in any decision involving the issue of constitutionality. The movement has its origin in an apprehension that a majority of the court will sooner or later pronounce the Reconstruction law unconstitutional; and the considerations which have heretofore prevailed in Congress may possibly again assert their sway. For, by passing the measure proposed, an adverse decision will be rendered impossible—so far as Congress can contribute to that result; since three of the judges are known adherents to its policy.

If this project prevail, the higher attributes of the Court will be destroyed. The principle will be in effect affirmed that partisan exigencies, real or supposed, constitute the supreme law; that the Court, created by the Constitution in part to judge of the validity of Congressional action, shall henceforward be powerless, whatever the character of that action may be. To-day the proposition is that, instead of a majority of the judges, two-thirds of the whole shall concur; to-morrow, if necessary, the concurrence of all may be required. There is no limit to the interference if it be commenced—no restriction save that which a majority of the dominant party may for the moment impose upon themselves. They proclaim that they may enact what they please, and may obviate objection on the ground of unconstitutionality by usurping power to mould the decisions of the Court in any shape which to themselves shall seem best. If it be unmanageable after exacting a two-thirds judgment, or a unanimous judgment, the number of judges may be increased; and thus, by one device or another, the independent jurisdiction of the Court may be destroyed.

No more significant commentary on the reconstruction legislation—no more startling illustration of the unscrupulousness which actuates the Radical leaders—can be conceived, than that which this affair affords. The cowardice as well as the bravado of guilt is stamped upon its face. It shows an utter absence of confidence in the constitutional efficacy of measures which are applicable to the South, and an utter want of moral courage to uphold the principles that are involved. A consciousness of right usually inspires calmness and strength, and the party which realizes it seldom shrinks from the contingencies incidental to political warfare. These extreme radicals, however, seem to shut their eyes when they rush ahead. They are afraid of the ground they tread upon, and of phantoms at every turn. Now it is of the President, anon of the District Commanders, and yet again of the Supreme Court. We suspect that they also begin to fear the people in whose name they act, and whose instinctive sense of justice revolts against the abuse of their delegated power. The idea seems to prevail in the Reconstruction and Judiciary Committees that there is no time to lose. The thing called reconstruction must be pushed through, even though it be necessary to muzzle the Supreme Court Judges.

How the Court will treat the attack upon its independence remains to be seen. It is not likely to respect or to obey a law which interferes with its constitutional functions, notoriously for the accomplishment of an unconstitutional purpose. What then? Suppose the Court, by a majority of its members, declares the Reconstruction acts constitutionally invalid, and refuse to recognize as constitutional and law defining the conditions of a judgment? Will Congress, having failed to legislate the Court into compliance, undertake to legislate it out of existence? Will a party majority make the General-in-Chief the judge of the Judges, as well as the superior of the President? Will they at last avow their contempt for the Constitution and their resolve to proceed regardless of its provisions? To this position their steps unquestionably tend, and the only influence that can restrain them will be fear for their own safety. Of what possible value, then, will be the policy of Congress when pushed to extremities? A party whose leaders trample on the Constitution because it impedes their operations, cannot long retain the confidence of the country, and when their overthrow comes—as come it must—what will be the fate of their policy? what

THE SUPREME COURT BILL.

A Radical Protest Against It.

Among the few Radical journals that oppose the late action and evident intentions of the Radicals in Congress is the N. Y. *Evening Post*, edited by the venerable Wm. Cullen Bryant. In that paper of Thursday last we find a leading editorial which inveighs eloquently against the policy of Congress, and especially against the bill to subvert the Supreme Court. It says:

Nothing is more sacred in popular estimation than the character of the Supreme Court. It is the tribunal of final appeal, which determines the validity and application of laws, and more than any other body in the land needs to be kept free from political complications and party biases. Its judges were made to hold their offices for life, with the allowance of a liberal salary, in order to render them independent of the motives of ambition or gain which ordinarily influence men. Set apart to administer the highest of trusts, it was the design of the Constitution to raise them above the region of politics into the clearer atmosphere of justice and reason. "Justice," as Burke says, "is the supreme policy of nations," and they whose duty it is to determine justice exercise the supremest function. Accordingly in all civilized ages the judge has worn the ermine, which is the emblem of that spotless integrity that combines purity of motive with clearness and impartiality of judgment.

It is this instinctive perception of the true character of the judiciary that has always made political judges so odious to the mind of the people. Next in offensiveness to those who take personal bribes are those who allow political prejudices to warp their decisions. Jeffreys and Scroggs are no more infamous for their violence and brutality than they are for their servility to the royal power which made them; and in our country, up to a recent period, the judge who should have carried his politics to the bench would have been placed on a level of degradation with those disgraceful beacons of English jurisprudence. Nor can we even yet, with all the degeneracy of public morals, look without some feeling of aversion and dread at the example of judicial officers who allow their names to be used as candidates for political preferment.

When the Congress, therefore, endeavors to subject the Supreme Court to its control, by regulating the rule of its decision, and for no other end apparently than the secret purpose of meeting a particular party issue, we are startled by the strangeness of the event. It seems little short of a sacrilegious audacity. But when the change they seek to introduce is one of the gravest nature, affecting essentially the character of future decisions, and likely to lead to gross injustice in many conceivable cases, we are bound to cry out, in our loudest voice, Halt. In the times of the elder Adams a change was made with a greater color of law, but with a similar party object, in putting an additional number of judges—"midnight judges" they were called—upon the bench; but the indignant republicanism of that day speedily swept away the innovation. With greater color of law, we say, because Congress has the undoubted right to multiply judges when the pressure of business requires it; but Congress has no right to impose a rule of judicial decision—least of all for party ends.

To insist upon a two-third vote, when the judgment is unfavorable to a congressional act, while a majority is authorized to approve a congressional act, is to resolve in so many words that a party who profits by that act may come before the court on better grounds than the party who questions it, or tries to set it aside as unconstitutional. Suitors are no longer equals in the presence of justice; the majority of judges is no longer the court, but a superior number; and the same right which enables Congress to dictate a decision by two-thirds would enable it to dictate unanimity—which, in practice, would amount to a complete nullification of the constitutional ability of the tribunal.

TRUE PHILOSOPHY.—Madame Necker relates the following anecdote of M. Abauret, a philosopher of Geneva.—

"It was said of him that he never had been out of temper; some persons, by means of his female servant, were determined to put this to the proof.—The woman in question stated that she had been his servant for thirty years, and she protested that during that time she had never seen him in a passion. They promised her a sum of money if she would endeavor to make him angry; she consented, and knowing he was particularly fond of having his bed well made, she on the day appointed neglected to make it. M. Abauret observed it, and, the next morning, made the observation to her; she answered, that she had forgotten it; she said nothing more, but on the same evening, she again neglected to make the bed; the same observation was made on the morrow by the philosopher, and she again made some excuse in a cooler manner than before. On the third day, he said to her, 'You have not yet made my bed; you have apparently come to some resolution on the subject, as you probably found it fatigued you. But, after all, it is of no great consequence, as I begin to accustom myself to it as it is.' She threw herself at his feet, and avowed

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Letter from Secretary Stanton to Andrew Johnson.

The following copy of a letter, alluded to by Senator Dixon in his speech in the executive session, was written by Secretary Stanton to President Johnson, when the latter resigned his position as Military Governor of Tennessee:

War Department, Washington, Mch. 3, 1865.—Sir:—This department has accepted your resignation as Brigadier General and Military Governor of Tennessee. Permit me on this occasion to render to you the thanks of this department for your patriotic and able services during the eventful period through which you have exercised the high trusts committed to your charge. In one of the darkest hours of the great struggle for national existence against rebellious foes the Government called you from the Senate, and from the comparatively safe and easy duties of civil life, to place you in front of the enemy, and in a position of personal toil and danger perhaps, more hazardous than was encountered by any other citizen or military officer of the United States. With patriotic promptness you assumed the post, and maintained it under circumstances of unparalleled trials, until recent events have brought safety and deliverance to your State, and to the integrity of that Constitutional Union for which you so long and so gallantly perilled all that is dear to man on earth. That you may be spared to enjoy the new honors, and perform the high duties to which you have been called by the people of the United States, is the sincere wish of one who, in every official and personal relation, has found you worthy of the confidence of the Government and the honor and esteem of your fellow citizens.

Your obedient servant,
E. M. STANTON, Secy. of War.
His Excellency ANDREW JOHNSON, Vice President elect.

Commencing Early.

From the reported proceedings of the House of Representatives at Harrisburg, on Friday, we take the following:—

Mr. Josephs (Dem.), of Philadelphia, offered the following:—

Resolved, That the Clerk be authorized to furnish one copy of "Purdon's Digest," with the last appendix bound in one volume, and one copy of "Ziegler's Legislative Manual" to each member and clerk.

Mr. Deise (Dem.), of Clinton, moved to amend by including only new members. Disagreed to.

Mr. Herr (Rep.), of Dauphin, said there could be no more valid reason for the purpose of "Purdon's Digest" at ten dollars a copy, than that the State should purchase coats, boots, and shoes for the members.

Mr. Bull (Dem.), offered the following proviso:—

"*Provided*, That the said 'Purdon's Digest' shall remain as the property of the State; and at the expiration of this session shall be retained for the use of the subsequent House."

Disagreed to.

Mr. Nicholson (Rep.), reminded the member that this resolution, if passed, would cost the State "only" $1600.—Gentlemen might think the sum small and the treasury great. This reminded him of the boy who was told that his mother was to be "tapped" for the dropsy. The boy replied that he never knew anything about their house that was tapped to last. (Laughter).

The resolution was agreed to. Yeas, 53—Nays, 25.

A similar resolution had previously passed the Senate. Now with such a start, the question is, what will be the ending of this business? In any light, it is a very bad beginning, a huge job ground out on the shortest notice.—We hope it is not too late to undo it. The Republican majority owe it to themselves to set their faces against this sort of thing. We hope the ayes and nays on every proposition of the kind, down to the last hour of the session, will be persistently called, so that the tax-ridden people can see who are for and who are against piling up expenses already great beyond all reason. It is well to understand that in both Houses this job was engineered by Democrats, probably the very ones most distinguished for crying out against the Republicans for increasing taxation.—*Pittsburgh Commercial.*

☞A young lady possessing more vanity than personal charms, remarked, in a jesting tone, but with an earnest glance, "she travelled on her good looks." A rejected lover being present remarked, he "could now account for the young lady's never having been found far from home."

☞A school boy who was studying geography, was asked by his teacher "whether in going from the Baltic Sea to Portugal he would pass through any straits?"

"Why, yes, sir, I should go as straight as I could."

"Do not take that egg. The hen will not lay without you leave one egg in the nest," said a mother to a child five years old.

"Do they keep the egg for a pattern, mother?" asked the child.

☞"Am I not a little pale?" inquired a lady who was short and corpulent, of a crusty old bachelor?"

"You look more like a big tub," was the blunt reply.

☞Want less than you have, and you will always have more than you want.

☞One hour's sleep before midnight

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Jan. 29, 1868.

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, } EDITORS.

☞The Gettysburg Asylum Lottery turns out to be a grand swindle, just like all other gift enterprises.

☞The Republican Convention of Maine held last week declared for General Grant for President.

☞"Where are we drifting to?" "A house divided against itself cannot stand," and neither the sword, nor famine, nor pestilence has proved so injurious to States, as factious civil discord, intestine animosities, and the mutual hatred of citizens.

☞The Republican State Central Committee held a meeting in Harrisburg on the 22d inst., and appointed the 11th of March next for the holding of a State Convention to nominate candidates for Auditor General and Surveyor General, and the election of four delegates at large to the next National Convention.

RECONSTRUCTION.—The "situation" down South is becoming more mixed than ever. The wisest heads can not now see more than half way through it. We would agree to have the whole question handed over into the hands of half a dozen honest statesmen who would swear never to be elected or appointed to an office.

☞We understand the radical element of the Republican party to be those who are in favor of giving the negroes equal *political* rights with white men, to sit on juries, to be Representatives in the Legislature, in Congress, etc, etc., and in favor of the extreme notions of Wendell Phillips, Thad. Stevens, Butler, Ashly & Co. Is it there where you are Messrs. editors of the *Journal & American?* If you are not there, why is it that you do not raise your voice against such extremes?

☞The Cincinnati *Commercial*, the leading Republican paper in the West, says:—"*The want of wisdom* in the Republican party has already revived the Democratic party." Very true. The record the Democratic organization made during the war was of such a character as to damn it for a century—but the want of wisdom in the Republican party since the war, has given the Radical Democracy life—has given it hope of again getting control of the public affairs of the nation.

☞The San Francisco *Bulletin*, the leading paper in the State, says "Grant is as clearly the choice as was Lincoln in 1864, and the politicians will as surely be obliged to heed the popular wish in regard to him, against their own wishes may be, as they were in regard to Lincoln. The people like his reticence, his common sense, his notions of economy, his subordination of his personality to his duty, his respect for public opinion, his freedom from arrogance and dictation. His very silence is a golden virtue in this age of gab."

☞The following resolution, offered by Wendell Phillips, in the Massachusetts Anti-Slavery Society, on the 23d inst., was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we have no evidence that General Grant sympathizes with the radical statesmen of the Republican party, and we regard as utter treason to the nation's peace the heedless, unreasoning, and mad idolatry which would give him the Presidency, while no man is able or authorized to tell what are his views on the great national issues.

The opposition of the extreme Radicals to General Grant, only makes him stronger with the people.

FROM HARRISBURG.—On the 24th, Mr. McIntyre presented a petition of citizens of Oneida township, for an act to prevent swine from running at large in said township.

A new standing committee was appointed in the House to be known as that of *Retrenchment* and *Reform*. That committee, if it does its duty, will have a rough road to travel with the "rings," but the people will sustain it in the right.

The committee hearing the evidence in the contested seat of Mr. Shugert, has not yet reported. We hear that some of the evidence is pretty strong against the Democrats in Centre county. The most of the time of members thus far has been taken up by local legislation and political speeches. Both houses adjourned on Friday until Monday evening.

SIGNS AT WASHINGTON.—Mr. George W. Hall writes from Washington to the Secretary of the National Manufacturers' Union, Chicago, the following letter:

"In our business we are meeting with all the success we anticipated.—The pressure brought to bear upon Congress is more than it can withstand. There is a general feeling of retrenchment, and I am mistaken or there will be radical reforms before long. The Committee of Ways and Means have already resolved to report a bill repealing all taxes upon manufactures, except luxuries, and we hope to get the income tax off also, and expenses reduced sufficient to admit of it. To this end we are laboring with individual members and the different committees in whose hands are expenditures, appropriations, etc., etc., and I think I am safe in saying that our labors will be crowned with success, but it must be watched and pressed to the end.

Our Candidates--Grant and Curtin.

Don't be surprised, reader, at the line you read above. We have not went off half-cocked. The "situation" is such as to leave us only to choose a position with the War Democrats and Republicans who were a unit during the war, and "fight it out within the lines of the party," or go over to the support of the men who in 1860 disorganized the Democratic party, defeated Douglas, and controlled the *organization* in sympathy with rebels and traitors. The lessons of the war do not seem to have made the leaders of the Democratic organization wiser or better men. To-day, while they applaud President Johnson for his "pluck" in resisting the extreme measures of the Republican party, they repudiate him as their candidate for re-election,—the very best evidence that he is not extreme enough for their purposes They want a man who was true to their organization during the war—a man like Vallandigham—or a man like Pendleton who was "all right" but not as plainly outspoken as the "statesman Vallandigham." We had hoped there might be a reform in the Democratic organization—a reform for the good of the party as well as for the good of the whole people—but we fail to see any evidence of it. The old secession element has control of the organization still, and if that party should again be elevated to power—to have control of the affairs of the government—we would not expect the "situation" to be *any better* than it is to-day. Our record during the war is the opposite of the record of the men who now control the Democratic organization, and the opposite of the record of the man who will most likely be the candidate of that party in the approaching campaign. We cannot for a moment think of damning our record by supporting for President any one of the men who are most prominent for the Democratic nomination. General GRANT and ANDY CURTIN were the right men in the right places when the loyal hundreds of thousands fought the rebellion, and we feel that they are the men who should be elected President and Vice President next fall.

The next Presidential campaign will be more important and more exciting than any for many years, and it will be impossible for any man to look idly on and take no part in the struggle. One or the other of the two great parties must succeed—there is no room now for a third party. We choose what we believe to be the least of two evils—the least of two extremes.

There is Hope of a Reform.

The *State Guard* published at Harrisburg preaches well. Will it practice what it preaches? There is room for it to do good work for the tax oppressed people of the State. What it says of its own party can be also said of the Democratic party. What is wanted at Harrisburg most is a fearless paper—a paper that will expose corruption and extravagance regardless of the men or parties interested. Members of the Legislature are too apt to forgot that they are but the servants of the people. Many thousands of dollars can be saved to the people if the *Guard* will watch closely the "rings" on the hill, and expose their operations. The following article from the *Guard* is the right way to talk from a Republican stand point:

"CAN THE REPUBLICAN PARTY AFFORD TO HIDE ITS ERRORS?—One or two debates which have taken place in the Legislature, since the beginning of the session, have impressed us with the importance of the question, *can the Republican party afford to hide its errors?* The masses of the Republican party are intelligent and independent men. They are not of a class who blindly follow error, nor will they be satisfied with empty speeches on the part of Legislators, and other officers, who, to hide their own corruptions and screen the villainy of men engaged in sucking the life blood of the State, endeavor to put a veil on error that its deformity may be kept from public view and condemnation. This is not the way for a great party to maintain its dignity and purity. The man who conquers his own passions, who amends his own faults, and does not hesitate to confess his errors when they are clear to his comprehension, is he who always wins the respect and retains the confidence of his friends. So with our great party organization. He or they who are always ridiculously solicitous to hide its faults, to screen its errors and justify its reckless wrongs, are those who prosper by such wrongs, and grow fat in fortune by the corruptions, for which they manage to make the entire party responsible. In the name of the honest masses of the Republican party we protest against this policy. In the name of the men whose votes win us victory, and whose honest devotion to principle renders our organization respectable, we denounce the policy which thus seeks to screen wrong merely that a few favorite demagogues may be protected and encouraged in their greeds and their avarice. We want to retain the confidence and adhesion of honorable, honest and devoted patriots, who now make the Republican party strong *by denouncing the evil which has crept into the organization.* If this is not done, if we hide our errors and approve corruption by screening those who are Republicans for the money there is in such attachments, the result will be to drive hundreds and thousands of good men in disgust from the party. These men put the question on the ground that if those who wield the power won by Republicans prefer knavery to fair and honest dealing, they must content themselves with the *support of knaves.* Our victories are won that the whole party, the whole Commonwealth and the Union may be benefitted, and not that a clique may be afforded opportunities to grab and monopolize, corrupt and disgrace all that is grand and noble in Republicanism. The Republican party was founded in purity—was organized for the advancement of great principles—so that, when it neglects this purity and forgets its principles, it will become palsied in power. We want to guard against such a calamity, and in doing this we are well aware we must offend the debauched of our own party, but we are compelled to risk the responsibility of such offending for the certainty of doing good in behalf of the entire organization. Manhood always commands respect—the outspoken manhood which despises wrong and regards with brave indignation every species of meanness, alike that which juggles in business and corrupts in politics, is what is now wanted to tear the veil from the wrong which is feeding like a canker at the vitals of the Republican party. Must we be fearful in attacking and denouncing this? We think not."

General Grant as a Presidential Candidate.

[From the N. Y. Times.]

The opponents of General Grant's nomination are trying very hard to make themselves and the country believe that he is pressed merely as a military man. Nothing could be more untrue. That is among the least recommendations. There are many other men in the country whose record *merely* as soldiers, is very nearly as good as General Grant's and if military *merits alone* were to decide the question, the struggle for his nomination would be much more difficult and doubtful than it seems to be now.

What General Grant achieved for the country in the war has certainly directed the attention of the country to him as a Presidential Candidate; indeed, but for that, he would never have been thought of. Neither would General Washington. But in both cases it was not for their military achievements in themselves, so much as for what those achievements had done for the nation, and for the traits of character which they revealed, that their services were sought in the Presidency. When the war of the Revolution closed, the condition of the country was even more chaotic than it is now.

We do not hesitate to claim for Gen. Grant the same position and the same general character which thus commended Washington to the confidence and support of the American people. His services to the country have not been less important, and the spirit and temper in which they have been rendered, have been equally disinterested, and equally patriotic. He stands equally aloof from the mere party contests of the day, while neither his actions nor his language have left any room for doubt, that his sympathies are wholly with those who gave their support to the nation in its life and death struggle with rebellion. And more perhaps, than any other single act of his life, the temper and manner in which he accepted the surrender of General Lee and the Confederate army and the Confederate cause mark him as the man, above all others, best able to lead the nation to a just, solid, and abiding peace.

True, Every Word.

We like to find such honest truths as the following in leading party papers. We copy from the Harrisburg Daily *State Guard*, Republican:

"Is it not time that politics should be made more than a mere game, at which the trickster alone can succeed? Lying, cheating, stealing, intemperance, forgery, and the vilest corruptions that ever brought any people to disgrace, now characterize American politics. The leaders of all parties seem to act and believe that they were specially selected to defraud each other and degrade the people. Elections are conducted by one or both parties as if the only thing to be done was to cheat the people—to take advantage of the masses—to misrepresent constituency—and to riot and grow fat in corruption. All this is the fault of the people. They have the power to prevent it, but either hesitate or are too cowardly to interfere. The manufacturer, the merchant, the farmer, the mechanic and laborer are aware that the Government costs too much money—they see millions squandered—they behold fraud *dignified*—they even bow down to corruption, while the country, like a drunken man, is reeling on, on, on, to God knows what kind of a doom. It is time the people were awakened to their real situation—*time that the people begin to govern.* The trouble now is, so few of those not actually wielding power, take an interest in the affairs of government. The masses groan—labor is pining and starving—manufacturers are on the verge of bankruptcy—and when appeals are made for relief, the people are answered in sophistical discussions of abstract questions of Constitutional rights—thus literally giving the starving *stone* instead of *bread.* He who cannot see fearful danger ahead from these causes, is a blind watcher of the progress of nations. *As we are now governed, the logical end of public affairs must be disastrous.*"

HORRIBLE MURDER OF A CITIZEN OF HARRISBURG.—Captain Rehrer, whose father resides in Harrisburg, mysteriously disappeared from Pottsville about two months since. At the time he had two partners in the coal business. There were suspicions of foul play, but nothing was known definitely until this morning, when the father received the sad intelligence that the body of his murdered son was thrown into the Marshfield Coal Slope, which is about five hundred feet deep, and filled with water. It is now being pumped out.

The son of one of the partners of the deceased divulged the terrible crime. All the parties implicated have been arrested. The motive for the murder is supposed to have been to secure a certain valuable coal lease. The names of the partners are Smith & Albrighton.

Captain Rehrer was a young married man of unblemished reputation.

The Ohio State *Journal* speaking for the Republicans at the Capital of that State, is "rejoiced to hear" that the Supreme Court Bill, which passed the Lower House of Congress, "will be killed by the Senate Judiciary Committee." It says the Republicans in Ohio are opposed to it.

The New Reconstruction Bill.

The following is the reconstruction bill as passed:

Be it enacted, &c., that in Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, Florida and Arkansas, there are no civil State Governments republican in form, and that the so called civil governments in said States respectively shall not be recognized as valid or legal State governments, either by the Executive or Judicial power or authority of the United States.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That for the speedy enforcement of the act entitled, "An Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," passed March 2d, 1867, and the several acts supplementary thereto, the General of the Army of the United States is hereby authorized and required to enjoin by special orders upon all officers in command within the several Military Departments, within said several States, the performance of all acts authorized by said several laws above recited, is authorized to remove at his discretion, by his order, from command any or all of said Commanders, and detail other officers of the United States army, not below the rank of Colonel, to perform all the duties and exercise all the powers authorized by said several acts, to the end that the people of said several States may speedily recognize civil governments republican in form in said several States and be restored to political power in the Union.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the General of the Army may remove any or all civil officers now acting under the several Provisional Governments within the said several designated States, and appoint others to discharge the duties pertaining to their respective offices, and may do any and all acts which by said several laws above mentioned are authorized to be done by the several Commanders of the Military Departments within said States, and so much of said acts, or of any act as authorizes the President to detail Military Commanders to said Military Departments, or to remove any officers who may be detailed as herein provided, is hereby repealed.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be unlawful for the President of the United States to order any part of the army and navy of the United States to assist by force of arms the authority of either of said Provisional Governments in said disorganized States, to oppose or to obstruct the authority of the United States, as provided in this act and acts to which this is supplementary.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That any interference by any person, with intent to prevent by force the execution of the orders of the General of the Army, made in pursuance of this act, and of the acts aforesaid, or any refusal or willful neglect of any person to issue any order or do any act required by this act or any of the acts to which this is additional and supplementary, with intent to defeat or delay the due execution of this act or of either of the acts to which this is supplementary, shall be held to be a high misdemeanor, and the party guilty thereof shall upon conviction be fined not to exceed five thousand dollars and imprisonment not exceeding two years.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That so much of all acts and parts of acts as conflict or are inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

The Active Force of the Army.

Washington, Jan. 22.—The passage of the Military Reconstruction bill by the House leads to a very natural inquiry as to the present disposition and number of the troops comprising the active army of the United States. The following statement shows this by departments, and in a concise form:

In the unreconstructed States—First Military District, General J. M. Schofield, twelve posts and thirty-two companies; Second District, General E. R. S. Canby, twenty-three posts, thirty-five companies; Third District, General George G. Meade, twenty-two posts, forty-eight companies; Fourth District, General A. C. Gillem (temporarily), twenty-five posts, forty-four companies; and the Fifth District, General W. S. Hancock, fifty-three posts, and one hundred and four companies, making a total of one hundred and thirty-five posts and two hundred and sixty-three companies. Averaging each company at seventy men, gives a force of over 18,000.

Of the other departments the following list comprises the force of the east: General T. W. Sherman, seventeen posts and thirty companies; Washington, General W. H. Emory, four posts, twenty-seven companies; California, General E. O. C. Ord, thirty-one posts, fifty-two companies; Dakota, General A. Terry, fifteen posts, forty companies; the Cumberland, General G. H. Thomas, seventeen posts, thirty companies; the Lakes, General John Pope, five posts, eight companies; the Platte, General Augur, fifteen posts, sixty-three companies; Missouri, General P. H. Sheridan, twenty seven posts, seventy-eight companies; and of the Columbia, General L. H. Rousseau, sixteen posts and twenty-two companies. Total, one hundred and forty seven posts and three hundred and fifty companies—about 25,000 troops—making a total of 43,000.

The notorious George Francis Train was arrested recently at Queenstown, and sent to the Cork jail, for alleged complicity in Fenianism. He was released, and writes to his friends in America that he has brought suit against the British Government for £100,000 He is seeking evidently a little more notoriety.

The Frontier Index says the Sioux and Cheyenne Indians are becoming very troublesome. The cavalry scouts at that post have recently had two fights with them, killing several and recapturing over fifty stolen government horses and mules.

Turkey proposes to build a railway from Belgrade through Constantinople to Bassora, on the Persian Gulf. With certain branches it will be nearly 8000 miles in length, and the estimated cost is £6,000,000 sterling, or $30,000,000.

The Cleveland Herald says there is a man residing there, named Moore, who has not closed his eyes in sleep for six weeks. He goes to bed regularly, but cannot sleep.

The Russian army consists of 800,000 men. This force at short notice may be increased to 1,800,000.

The entire mercantile navy of Europe, according to the latest statistical returns, consists of 100,000 vessels.

The rebel General J. B. Magruder has just taken the test oath.

Important from Washington.

Washington Jan. 23d.—The Committee on Reconstruction this morning agreed upon the following bill, to be hereafter reported:

Be it enacted, etc., That the appellate jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of the United States shall not extend to any act done, or which shall be done, or to any proceeding had, or which shall be had, under and by virtue of the act entitled "An act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," passed March 2, 1867, or of the several acts supplementary thereto; and all such cases now pending in the court, either by appeal or otherwise, from any decision or proceeding had in the premises, in any district or circuit court of the United States, shall be dismissed by said Supreme court; and no record of any proceeding had, or which may be had, before either district commanders, under either of said acts, shall be removed to or reviewed in any other tribunal, either upon habeas corpus, quo warranto, or in any manner whatever.

The New York TIMES' special pronounces the statement, said to be supported by the Cabinet, that Grant admitted that he had agreed to hold on until removed, as totally false. He agreed with the President, that if he (Grant) was removed, Stanton would have to resort to the courts, but he never promised the President that he would so remain and become a party to the controversy. A subsequent examination of the law convinced him of the course he must pursue, and forty-eight hours before the Senate acted he waited upon Johnson of his our volition and announced his determination.

Jan. 25.—Secretary Stanton has, as yet, issued none of the orders which require formality of "by the President," but continues to transact all other business of the Department. To day he had under consideration the question of revoking the orders of General Grant for the discontinuance of the Freedmen's Bureau in Kentucky and Tennessee.

The Composition of Southern Reconstruction Conventions.

The Charleston correspondent of the New York *Times* thus sums up the pedigrees of a portion of the members of the State Convention now in session for the purpose of framing a constitution for South Carolina:

"You may be astonished when I tell you that there is scarcely a Southern white man in the convention who has the character enough to keep him out of the penitentiary. I will not mention names, but one was pointed out to me to day who is under indictment for stealing a cow. He was formerly an overseer on a large plantation, but was dismissed on account of cruelty to the slaves, and to save his life, and redeem his reputation among the indignant negroes, joined a Union league.—Another was recently fined $12,000 for a violation of the Internal Revenue laws, and sent to jail, after being turned out of the service of the Government for stealing horses and wagons from the planters. A third has been recently indicted for illicitly stilling whisky; a fourth hoisted the first confederate flag on Fort Sumter, was private Secretary to Governor Pickens, and, subsequently, an enrolling officer in the Confederate army; and a fifth is a fourth-class Baptist chaplain, who used to pray that "the Yankee fleet might be sunk to the bottomless pit.' These are only samples. I might, with similar information furnished me concerning those men, go through the list. Fully six-tenths of the white men are of Northern birth, who served in our army, or held positions in the Bureau, and have become eligible to office by reason of their residence here. So me of the negroes have also been, as I learn, good Confederates, and beat the drum or played the fife throughout the war, only changing their tune to the music of the Union since they have learned that it pays to be a politician."

The Oil Prince Robbery.

Singular Indifference to Riches.

The three men who were reported as arrested at Oil Creek on suspicion of being concerned in the $250,000 (Beunehoff) robbery have been discharged from custody, there being no evidence to detain them, and at present the detectives seem to be at fault. While all would, for the sake of justice gladly see the perpetrators of the outrage clinched by the law, the feeling against them throughout the oil regions is greatly mollified by the fact that Mr. Bennehoff was not only a miser who had his hoard of wealth, but because, from the productiveness of his oil farm, he had the power—which he exercised—of becoming an absorber of immense amounts of money, all of which was withdrawn from circulation as soon as it passed into his hands.—Regrets are freely expressed because the robbers did not get the other safe open, so as to get the money in circulation, now that it is so much needed. Mr. Bennehoff owes the disaster (he is too wealthy for it to be called a calamity) to his own short-sighted, avaricious disposition. Distrustful of all mankind, penurious as when pinched by penury, he refused to use his immense wealth to profit him and aid his fellow-men by allowing it to circulate through the marts of trade. The great wonder is how he could ever have spared money enough to buy the safes.—*Erie Dispatch, Jan.* 21.

Bennehoff is said to be worth seven million dollars, and has an income of over one thousand dollars a day—even in these times of petroleum dullness.—The Bennehoff family live in an old farmhouse in a most desolate region, unprotected. It is said Bennehoff regards the loss of this $250,000 with no more concern than a man would who had his pocket picked of $10.

It was said by Mr. Merrick, one of Suratt's counsel, in the Washington court, on Tuesday, that, in view of the result of his late trial, the government would probably discharge Suratt.

Prentice says that the aristocratic negroes are in a great rage at the preachers who tell them they must be born again. They are afraid that the next time they might be born white men.

A school teacher, from Richfield, Minnesota, named R. O'Conner, was put off the cars for failing to pay an extra ten cents, demanded for not procuring his ticket at the station, and was frozen to death.

They are taking the census of the loafers in some of the towns in Indiana.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

To the Creditors of the Huntingdon, Cambria and Indiana Turnpike Company.

By order of the Court of Huntingdon county, I have been directed to pay to the creditors of the Huntingdon, Cambria and Indiana Turnpike Company, one per cent. on the amount of their claims, with interest added to January 11, 1841. I am prepared to pay said amount on presentation of certificate of indebtedness.

JOHN LLOYD, Sequestrator.

Ebensburg, January 29, 1868-3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans Court of Huntingdon county, to report distribution of the fund in the hands of James F. Bathurst, Esq., Sheriff of said county, arising from the sale of the real and personal property of Levi G. Leamer and Lorenz and Leamer, known as the Rockhill Furnace property, and the Melinda Forge and Furnace property, hereby notifies all persons interested that he will attend to the duties of said appointment at his office in Huntingdon, on THURSDAY, the 20th day of FEBRUARY, 1868, at 2 o'clock, P. M., when and where they must present their claims or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

K. ALLEN LOVELL, Auditor.

Jan29

VALENTINES

COMIC

AND

SENTIMENTAL

VALENTINES,

FOR SALE AT

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

All wishing to Buy or Sell

REAL ESTATE,

SHOULD SEND FOR THE

REAL ESTATE RECORD,

A large sixteen page Journal, issued monthly, devoted to all matters, laws, facts and items of interest pertaining to Real Estate; containing full descriptions, with prices, &c., of several thousand properties, including Fruit, Truck, Grain and Grazing Farms, Cottages and Country Seats, Mill properties, Plantations, Timber Tracts and Mineral Lands, for sale in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Texas, and other States.

Send for a copy—FREE.

TOWNSEND & CO. No. 237 South Sixth street, Philadelphia.

Jan22-2t.

NOTICES IN BANKRUPTCY.

In the District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

HENRY A. ZOLLINGER, a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, by order of the Court, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all Creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested; to appear on the 4th day FEBRUARY, 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M., before John Brotherline, Esq., Register, at his office in Hollidaysburg, to show cause, if any, why a Discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt. And further, Notice is hereby given that the second and third meetings of creditors of the said bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th sections of said act, will be had before said Register, at same time and place.

S. C. McCANDLESS, *Clerk of U. S. District Court for said District.*

Jan22-2t

In the District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

DANIEL DONOT, a Bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a Discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, by order of the Court, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all Creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 31st day of JANUARY, 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M., before John Brotherline, Esq. at his office in Hollidaysburg, to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt. And further, Notice is hereby given that the second and third meetings of Creditors of the said bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th sections of said act, will be had before said Register, at same time and place.

S. C. McCANDLESS, *Clerk of U. S. District Court for said District*

Jan22-2t

In the District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

JOHN MONTGOMERY, a Bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a Discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, by order of the Court, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all Creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 4th day of FEBRUARY, 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M., before John Brotherline, Esq., Register, at his office in Hollidaysburg, to show cause, if any they have, why a Discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt. And further, Notice is hereby given that the second and third meetings of creditors of the said bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th sections of said act, will be had before said Register, at same time and place.

S. C. McCANDLESS, *Clerk of U. S. District Court for said District.*

Ja22-2t

In the District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

JOHN HAMILTON, a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a Discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, by order of the Court, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all Creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 4th day of FEBRUARY, 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M., before John Brotherline, Esq., Register, at his office in Hollidaysburg, to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt. And further Notice is hereby given that the second and third meetings of Creditors of the said bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th sections of said act, will be had before said Register, at same time and place.

S. C. McCANDLESS, *Clerk of U. S. District Court for said District.*

Jan22-2t

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

IN the matter of FRANKLIN M. BURGER, Bankrupt.

To whom it may concern:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the estate of FRANKLIN M. BURGER, of McConnellstown, in the county of Huntingdon, in the said district, who was, to wit: on the 8th day of November, A. D. 1867, adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Dated at Huntingdon, this 3d day of January, A. D. 1868.

MARTIN L. LONGENECKER, Assignee.

jan15-3t

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENN'A.

IN THE MATTER OF JAMES SAXTON, Bankrupt, Western District of Pennsylvania, ss:

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE: That on the 27th day of December, 1867, a Warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, against the estate of JAMES SAXTON, of the borough of Huntingdon, in the county of Huntingdon, in said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition: That the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; and that a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden in the Court House in Huntingdon, before JOHN BROTHERLINE, Esq., Register for said district, on the 1ST DAY of FEBRUARY, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

THOS. A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal, By S. THOS. ELDER, Deputy Marshal.

jan8-4t

AGENTS WANTED FOR

THE BLUE COATS,

And how they Lived, Fought and Died for the Union.

WITH

Scenes and Incidents in the Great Rebellion.

Comprising Narratives of personal adventure, thrilling Incidents, daring exploits, heroic deeds, wonderful escapes, life in the camp, field and hospital; adventures of spies and scouts, together with the songs, and ballads, anecdotes and humorous incidents of the War.

Splendidly illustrated with over 100 fine portraits and beautiful engravings.

There is a certain portion of the war that will never go into the regular histories, nor be embodied in romance or poetry, which is a very real part of it, and will, if preserved, convey to succeeding generations a better idea of the spirit of the conflict than many dry reports or careful narratives of events, and this part may be called the gossip, the fun, the pathos of the war. This illustrates the character of the leaders, the humor of the soldiers, the devotion of women the bravery of men, the pluck of our heroes, the romance and hardships of the service.

The valiant and brave-hearted, the picturesque and dramatic, the witty and marvelous, the tender and pathetic, and the whole panorama of the war are here thrillingly portrayed in a masterly manner, at once historical and romantic, rendering it the most ample, unique, brilliant and readable book that the war has called forth.

Amusement as well as instruction may be found in every page, as graphic detail, brilliant wit, and authentic history, are *skillfully* interwoven in this work of literary art.

Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address,

jan22 2t JONES BROTHERS & CO, Philadelphia.

Cheaper than the Cheapest!

BARGAINS

AT THE

Mammoth Store,

West End of Huntingdon, Penn'a.

We are now offering our immense and well-assorted stock of Goods, at thoroughly reduced, and unprecedented low prices; our superior facilities enabling us to compete successfully with the cheapest.

Our stock consists of Groceries, Dry Goods, Notions, Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Willow and Cedar Ware, Table and Floor Oil Cloths, Carpets, Rugs and Door Mats, Crocks, Jugs, Stoves, Tinware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, Putty, Oils, Paints, Drugs, Flour, Feed, &c., &c., &c., all in great variety, at prices that will not fail to suit consumers. We are also dealing in all kinds of Coal and Lumber, our facilities in these commodities being superior to any other firm in Huntingdon. We claim them as SPECIALTIES in our trade, in which none can compete with us.

We buy all kinds of Grain, Seeds, Flour and Feed, at the highest market rates, and give the highest prices *in Goods* for Produce of all kinds. Do not fail to call and examine our stock and prices, as both are sure to please.

HENRY & CO.,

jn22 Huntingdon, Pa.

1868. 1868.

CLOTHING.

H. ROMAN.

NEW

CLOTHING

FOR

FALL AND WINTER,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

H. ROMAN'S

CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.

For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at

H. ROMAN'S,

opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.

J. A. HANAGAR,

PHOTOGRAPHER,

Railroad street, Huntingdon, Pa.,

Would respectfully invite the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity to his Gallery on Railroad street, opposite the Juniata House, where he is prepared to take all the

LATEST STYLES OF PICTURES,

at the following prices:

Including an 8x10 oval Gilt Frame, $1,50.
Visiting Card Photographs, full size, 4 for $1,00,
Ambrotypes, for 25 cents, and upwards.

His long experience in the business enables him to take pictures in every style of the art, at greatly reduced prices. He keeps always on hand a large assortment of

PLAIN AND FANCY FRAMES AND CASES.

Pictures inserted in Lockets, Breastpins, Finger Rings &c., in a neat and durable manner.

Oil Paintings, Daguerreotypes, &c., copied at a reasonable price.

Pictures taken equally well in clear or cloudy weather. I cordially invite one and all to call and examine specimens, whether they want pictures or not. Come quickly, as I shall remain but a short time in the business.

The above Gallery is either for rent, or for sale, with good security.

Apply to J. A. HANAGAR, Photograph Gallery, Railroad street, Huntingdon, Pa. jan16-3m*

GLAZIER & BRO.,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS, HATS, NOTIONS, BOOTS AND SHOES, GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, &c., &c.

Washington street, near the Jail.

Having purchased our Winter Goods since the late heavy decline, we can afford to offer superior inducements to buyers.

☞READ OUR PRICES.☜

Muslins and Prints, from 8 cts up,
Heavy Unbleached Sheetings, yard wide, 15 cts,
Heavy yard wide Tickings, 30 cts,
Best Winter Delaines, 22 and 25 cts,
All Wool Delaines, 45 to 65 cts,
Double width Wool Plaids, 50 cts,
Heavy Plaid Poplins, $1.00,
Wool Flannels, 28 to 50 cts a yard,
Wool Blankets, $3.00 to $10.00 a pair,
Wool Shawls, $1.25 to $10.00
Balmoral Skirts, $1.25 to $4.50.
Other Goods in proportion.

Huntingdon, Nov. 6, 1867. GLAZIER & BRO.

J. S. BERKSTRESSER

WITH

E. MEGRAW & CO.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

TOBACCO, CIGARS and SNUFF,

53 *and* 55 *Hand Street, and* 31 *St. Clair Street,*

PITTSBURGH, PA.

dec25-1m*

It is the best chance ever offered to Agents

One or two days' time will secure a good

Sewing Machine, Watch, Silk Dress, Revolver,

or some other article of equal value, FREE OF COST!

Agents wanted everywhere, male and female, for the best One Dollar Pawnbroker's Sale in the country.

Send for circular. S. C. THOMPSON & CO., dec26-3m* 30 Hanover street, Boston, Mass.

OFFICE HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP R. R. CO., 258 South Third street, Phila., Jany. 13, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the H. & B. T. R. R. and Coal Company, will be held at the office of the Company, 258 south Third street, on TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 4th, 1868, at 11 o'clock, a. m., when an election will be held for a President and twelve Directors, to serve for the ensuing year.

J. P. ASKTSEN, Secretary.

jan14-3t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—

[Estate of Samuel Krieger, dec'd.]

Letters testamentary, on the estate of Samuel Krieger, late of Lincoln township, Huntingdon co., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims, to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

AZARIAH KRIEGER, Dec. 18, '67-6t. Executor.

APPLICATION FOR PARDON.

Notice is hereby given that an application has been made to the Governor of Pennsylvania for the pardon of Riley Wilson, convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary for larceny, in the Quarter Sessions of Huntingdon county.

Huntingdon, Jan. 8*

AGENTS WANTED for two of the best subscription books ever published. One entitled "Mysteries of the Neapolitan Convents," by an Ex-Benedictine Nun, a true account of the inner life of the convents—the most thrilling and interesting work before the public. The other entitled "The Cottage Cyclopedia," a gem of intellectual wealth, and wanted in every family; complete in one large octave volume of over 1,000 pages. Illustrated. Send for circulars of terms, which are very liberal.

jan25-2t* A. S. HALE & CO., Hartford, Conn.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Jan. 29, 1868.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

Local Advertisements.

Advertisements (puffs or notices) published in local columns at ten cents a line single insertion, counting seven words to a line. tf.

Brief Items.

—Coming: Valentine day.

—Remedy for corns: get your legs taken off by a railroad train.

—Finely executed $10 counterfeits are in circulation on the First National Bank of Philadelphia.

—There are 275,000 Catholics in Pennsylvania, 234 priests, 186 churches, 41 chapels, and 95 stations.

—Beware of hasty marriages. When young folks are for going to church, they seldom heed whether they are in a slow march or gallop.

—The steamer Etna, which runs between Williamsburg and Petersburg, cleared several hundred dollars during the summer season.

—One live business man in town is like a case of the itch in a district school—he sets everybody to scratching at once.

—Miraculous: a carpenter named Adam Estriker, living in Tyrone, fell a distance of thirty-eight feet without being hurt.

—Isn't Huntingdon slighted? In looking over the Auditor General's report for 1867, we do not find the amount of tax on real and personal estate received from Huntingdon Co.

—Senator McIntyre, of Perry county, has been appointed District Deputy Grand Master of the Masonic District composed of the counties of Perry, Juniata and Mifflin.

—Gen. George Potts, of Altoona, has been appointed D. D. G. M. of the Masonic district composed of the counties of Blair, Bedford and Huntingdon. J. King McLanahan, of Hollidaysburg, is D. D. G. H. P. for the same district.

—The editor of the Hollidaysburg *Standard* has no *big* notions; no doubt thinking that good goods are done up in small parcels. He promises to make the *Standard* the neatest *little* paper published in the Juniata Valley. He has a large field to operate in.

—No doubt many of our readers are troubled with cold feet at this time of the year. We have just seen what is said to be a cure, in an exchange. It is simply to wear cotton socks next to the skin and woolen socks outside of them.

—Captain John M. Thompson, of Perrysville, Juniata county, of the 49th Pa. regiment, was awarded the Geary prize offered by the Soldier's Friend for the best specimen of left hand writing by soldiers who had lost their right arms in the late war.

—Rev. A. J. Barrow preached a farewell sermon to the Episcopal congregation of this place, on last Sunday afternoon. For two years past he has been preaching alternately in Bedford and Huntingdon; but he is now permanently located at the former place.

—There is a man named Emerieus Bender, living in Carroll township, Cambria county, who is 83 years of age, who says that he was at George Washington's funeral. He removed to Cambria county in 1807, and has been County Auditor and County Commissioner.

—Rev. Amos Smith died at his residence in McConnellsburg, Fulton co., on the 20th inst., in the 78d year of his age. He was a Methodist divine, and at an early period he had charge of the Lycoming, Bellefonte, Huntingdon, and other districts in this section, and at one time he was Presiding Elder of the Chambersburg district.

—Three attempts at robbery were made within our borough limits last week, all of which failed. Our citizens can rejoice over the fact that our town is none the poorer and the robbers none the richer; but we should not forget that robberies will still be committed and we must keep on the alert and bring the culprits when detected to justice.

—The Bedford *Inquirer*, speaking of that county and the number of counties born of her, says the "good old soul" is as "gay and happy" as a girl of "sweet sixteen." We think from previous remarks by the editor of that paper that the above does not apply to Bedford borough, as it is about as staid and sober as an old maid of five and forty.

—Mrs. Margaret Simmons, daughter of Daniel Tice of Lewistown, living in Philadelphia, resorted to the dangerous expedient of throwing coal oil upon the embers in order to start her fire. The consequence was an explosion ensued, setting fire to Mrs. Simmons' dress, burning her in a dreadful manner. She was taken to the hospital, but expired the next morning.

—Crime of all kinds, especially incendiarism and robbery, has never been more prevalent than now. Our State exchanges are of opinion that well organized bands of experienced thieves are leaving Philadelphia, Baltimore and the other principal cities, at stated periods, who move under concerted plans, in order to rob dwelling houses in defenceless villages, and carry on depredations generally. Look out for them.

—While three miners were engaged in mining ore in a mine near Hollidaysburg, last week, a portion of the ground dropped from above them.—Two of the miners escaped without much injury, but the other, named Allison Shomo, was pinned to the earth by a large rock which struck him on the back. After about two hours and a half of energetic and dangerous labor, he was rescued, but in a badly bruised condition.

—The revenue from cigars in 1867 was $3,666,184, which is the tax on 732,200,000 cigars. It is estimated by a New York paper that fully 1,000,000,000 cigars were consumed in the United States during the year. This would give over twenty-five to each person; or, that one tenth of the whole people smoke, and half of them smoke tobacco in pipes, we have an average of five hundred cigars consumed by each of the genteel smokers during the year, at a cost of at least $50 per head.

Meeting of the Town Council.

The following are the minutes of a regular meeting of the Burgess and Town Council, held January 18th, '68, H. Glazier, presiding. Present, Asst. Burgess H. Glazier, G. Miller; Councilmen, K. King, D. Artley, D. Black, W. F. Cunningham, F. Heffright, Geo. Thomas, R. Cunningham.

On motion the rules of proceeding were suspended, and H. Glazier was relieved from the discharge of the duties of the chair, on account of disability; whereupon next Asst. Burgess Miller was called to preside.

The minutes of the previous meeting being read were adopted.

The resignation of David Snare, Treasurer of the Borough of Huntingdon, to take effect from the 7th day of January 1868, being offered, was accepted, and H. Glazier unanimously chosen to serve for the unexpired term of David Snare.

The petition of Isaac Long, Samuel T. Brown, Jno. A. Nash and Jno. C. Miller, representing that their property and the property of their neighbors was in danger of destruction by fire, owing to the flue or chimney of a certain house, now occupied by Joseph Carter and Geo. Dixon, on Church st., having fallen down to a point under the roof, was read.

Resolved, That a committee of two be appointed to inform W. P. Orbison, Esq., of the condition of said chimney or flue and notify him to make immediate repairs.

That the committee be authorized, if notice is not immediately complied with to proceed to build said flue, and charge the cost thereof to W. P. Orbison.

Resolved, That the Committee on finance be instructed to make settlement with A. Hight, Sexton of Cemetery, and Peter Swoope, Weigh Master.

On motion, H. G. Fisher was appointed to supply the place of H. Glazier on Finance committee, in making settlement of account of D. Snare, resigned.

Resolved, That a committee of two be appointed to settle with Jas. R. Pugh, for bill of hose. D. Artley and W. F. Cunningham were appointed the committee.

Resolved, That all claims against delinquents in cleaning drains be made out and put into the hands of the constable for collection.

The following bills were presented and approved:—A Cozzens, 30 cts; F. Garloch, 2nd, $2,62; John Johnson, 75 cts.; M. Decker for hauling $15.

Moved that the price of a lamp broken by M. Decker be deducted from his bill.

Passed. Adjourned.

Gathering Locals.

The editor of the Bloomsburg *Republican* tells his troubles in hunting the particulars of a local item. We have often experienced the same amount of perplexity, and, therefore, know how to sympathize with him:

"As an evidence of how a story becomes exaggerated and changed by hearsay we would refer to the reports in regard to the recent sudden death of a woman at Rupert. Some had it that she had fallen dead in her door with appoplexy; others that she was going to the spring for water and fell a corpse in the snow; and still others that on attempting to cross the railroad she had been struck by a coal train and that twenty-five—some had it thirty, forty, ninety—cars had run over her! The name of the person was also variously reported. We had each story from those who had it from *eye witnesses!*"

In this connection, we would add that no editor desires to publish an incorrect statement in regard to any item of local interest; but with the limited resources of county editors they have generally nothing to fall back upon but "hearsay," from which they glean the most substantial and correct knowledge. Editors don't know everything, as some people ignorantly suppose, but it is justly expected that they should give the occurrences in their neighborhood; but how often are readers amused by the contradictory statements of the same occurrence as published in the different county papers. The reason is the "local" is gathered from different sources, all of which are considered reliable. Our plan has been to gather the information principally from those most concerned; but if they refuse to give any truthful statement of the occurrence, we are obliged to gather from uninterested and sometimes unauthentic sources; and then we are subject to a "scolding" from the other party for publishing a "lie." This "lie" could have been avoided if *they* had given us the truth; and if we don't publish the truth they have nobody to blame but themselves.

Agricultural Society.

The Huntingdon county Agricultural Society met, pursuant to previous announcement, in the Court House, on Tuesday evening, January 14th.

President G. Miller in the chair.

The report of the committee to audit the Treasurer's account, was presented, read, and ordered to be entered on the minutes. Balance in the Treasury $708 87.

The following officers for the ensuing year were then elected by the Association:

President, Livingston Robb; Recording Secretaries, R McDivitt, J. M. Bailey; Corresponding Secretary, Dr. R. A. Miller; Treasurer, George Jackson; Librarian, Theo. H. Cremer.

On motion the present list of Vice Presidents was continued, Peter M. Bare, of Shirley, being appointed in place of B. R. Foust, removed; and John Silverthorn, of Tell, in place of George Noss, removed.

On motion, the proceedings be published in the county papers.

The Society then adjourned, to meet on Tuesday evening of the first week of the coming April court.

G. MILLER, Pres't.

R. McDIVITT, } Sec'ys.
J. M. BAILEY, }

☞The Secretaries of the Agricultural Society neglected to furnish us with the proceedings of the meeting held on Tuesday evening of first Court week, in consequence of which we were not able to publish them last week. When Secretaries are paid for performing duties, the Society should see that they do not neglect them.

☞Musical Instruments, fancy and useful articles, for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

What Huntingdon County Paid.

We glean the following statement from the Auditor General's report for 1867. It shows the amount paid in to the State Treasury from this county, and the amount received. The amount of tax on real and personal estate received from this county, has been omitted; how or why, we know not.

AMOUNT PAID IN.

TAX ON CORPORATION STOCKS.

Huntingdon & Broad Top Railroad,	$ 443 57
Broad Top semi-anthracite Coal Co.	90 00
Six Mile Run Coal Company,	180 00
Huntingdon Gas Company,	17 65
Broad Top Improvement Company,	60 00

TAX ON WRITS, WILLS, DEEDS, &C.

J. R. Simpson, Prothonotary, &c.,	558 24
Wm. C. Wagoner, late do.,	46 20
John E. Smucker, Register, &c.,	271 91
D. W. Womelsdorf, late do.,	59 76

TAX ON COLLATERAL INHERITANCES.

J. E. Smucker, Register, &c.,	304 48
D. W. Womelsdorf, late do.,	84 56

LICENSES.

Tavern licenses,	1,748 00
Retailers' licenses,	2,548 77
Billiard room licenses,	66 50
Eating house licenses,	458 80
Patent medicines,	33 25
Distillery and brewery licenses,	289 75
Millers' tax,	6 65
Accrued interest, D. W. Womelsdorf,	17

AMOUNT RECEIVED.

Pensions and gratuities,	$ 780 00
Common schools,	4,537 82
Mercantile appraiser,	26 94

Mistaken Charity.

The Hollidaysburg *Register* of last week gives a detailed account of a dastardly affair which took place recently on the line of the Pennsylvania railroad, near the boundary of Blair and Huntingdon counties, and near Union Furnace, this county. An Englishman named Edward Sims came to the watch house of old Mr. Barkley, at the above named place, and told a mealy-mouthed story about his sufferings, and asked to stay all night. To this Mr. Barkley generously consented, and gave him his supper. When the time came to prepare for retiring, the old man knelt to offer up his evening devotions, and while thus engaged, the hard hearted Sims jumped on his benefactor's back, threw something around his neck, stopped his mouth with a scarf, endeavored to choke him, and exclaimed: "You old bugger, I want your money." A struggle ensued, when Sims managed to get away with Mr. Barkley's detached lever watch, but no money. Sims was subsequently arrested at the stock yard at Harrisburg, and after a hearing before the Mayor of that city, was remanded to the Blair county jail, where he is at present.

The County Treasury Safe Broken Open!

The office of the County Treasurer at this place was entered on Thursday night by burglars. They were prepared with the tools necessary for their purpose, having previously stolen them from Shoemaker's blacksmith shop.—The door of the safe seems to have yielded easily to the blows of a sledge hammer, the front panel being broken in so far as to expose the lock, and the door itself being broken from the hingers. It was one of Lilly's chilled iron safes. Fortunately it contained but little money, the Treasurer having taken the precaution to deposit the county funds in bank, and in his pocket. A few dollars in nickel coin was all that fell into the hands of the burglars and this they did not remove from the office. Nobody arrested.

P. S. We have since learned that the National Bank of Altoona and several private offices in that place, were entered on Sunday night, but nothing was stolen. This confirms our suspicion that it is an organized party traveling through the interior for the purpose of robbing and if need be burning.

The Value of Pure Wine in Sickness.

The chief difficulty with reliable wines has been their scarcity and exorbitant price, but this has been removed by the introduction of a pure native wine, prepared from the Port grape extensively cultivated by Mr. A. Speer of New Jersey. We understand he has submitted his wine to the test of many of our celebrated physicians, and all concur in its purity, medicinal properties, and superiority to the best Port wine. Most of them, to signify their just appreciation of its salutary effects, prescribe it in cases of debility, affections of the kidneys, and chronic complaints, requiring a tonic, sudorific or diuretic treatment.—*Examiner.*

Druggists sell it.

—The Juniata *Sentinel* says:—An effort is being made to have the mail routes now running from Patterson to Academia and from Perrysville to Concord, changed. The proposition is for a mail to leave Patterson every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, running to Shade Gap, and returning on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, touching all the offices on the west side of the valley. The mail to leave Perrysville every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, returning on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, connecting with all the offices on the east side of the valley.

—The Methodist church in the United States, for 1867, reports 17,473 preachers and 1,146,081 members, an increase of 1,295 preachers and 118,897 members during the year. There are 11,121 Methodist churches in the country, valued at $35,886,439, an increase during the year of 258 churches, and $6,291,435 value. There are 15,341 Sunday Schools, with 1,031,891 scholars, and having 2,784,895 volumes in their libraries. The collections for benevolent purposes during the year were $2,784,895.

—The Court has not yet given a decision in the "jury case." It will most likely be given at an adjourned Court to be held next month, in time to make arrangements to have juries at April term.

DEATH OF JOHN LYON.—John Lyon of the firm of Lyon, Shorb & Co., died in Allegheny city, on Saturday night the 25th inst., in the 86th year of his age.

Cassville Institute Postponed.

Supt. D. F. Tussey gives notice that the Institute at Cassville, will be deferred until the 7th and 8th days of February.

Wanted,

A situation by a young man. Good reference given; storekeeping or other light work preferred. Address, H. R. L, Huntingdon, Pa., care Globe Office.

Foster's Oriental Bitters.

We have received from the manufacturers in this place a sample of these Bitters. They are said to be by good judges equal if not superior to any other Bitters extant, and their efficacy in cases of Dyspepsia, Pains in the Stomach, &c., has already been tested by many afflicted ones in our midst, and effected a cure. The Oriental Bitters can be obtained of the manufacturers, Buchanan & Smith, Huntingdon.

Ladies Dresses and Boys Clothing.

The undersigned inform the public that they are prepared to make Ladies Dresses of all kinds in the most substantial and fashionable styles. Also Boys' Clothing. They respectfully solicit a share of patronage.

B. ANNIE M'CABE.
EMMA OSWALT.

Huntingdon, Dec. 16, 1867,—tf.

Stamps and Blanks.

Revenue Stamps of all kinds, Deeds, Mortgages, Bonds, Judgment, Exemption and Common Notes, Justice's and Constable's Blanks of all kinds, School Orders and Agreements, Leases, Agreements, Marriage Certificates, License Petitions and Bonds, etc., etc., and Blank Books of all kinds, for sale at Lewis' Book Store. tf.

☞The great American Hair Preparation, valued at home and abroad, a real Hair Restorer or Dressing, (*in one bottle.*) A great triumph of science. Mrs. S. A. Allen's improved, (*new style.*) Every Druggist sells it. Price One Dollar.

Ten thousand yards per week of oil-cloth have been made in a Maine factory during the last year.

The Board of Public Instruction at Havana have unanimously decided to exclude all newspapers from the colleges.

The first American paper published on the continent of Europe was issued in Paris on the 1st inst. It is called the Continental Gazette.

A twelve year old child named Ella Soule is traveling and lecturing on temperance in Ohio. She asserts with much gravity that she has been totally abstemious all her life.

Miss Minnie Warren, sister to Mrs. General Tom Thumb, is about to be led to the altar hymenial by Commodore Nutt. Their united wealth is about $250,000.

Speer's Wines

Are the pure juice of the grape, and are unexcelled by any native vintage. They contain valuable medicinal properties, and are of intrinsic worth to the invalid and the convalescent, strengthening the weak, and restoring the system to tone and vigor. Sickly persons and females should try them.

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS and CATARRH treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 605 ARCH street, Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the city and country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain—No charge for examination. my8-1y.bm

FULLAWAY'S ALL-HEALING and STRENGTHENING SALVE.

J. FULLAWAY will introduce, at his own expense, his All-Healing and Strengthening Salve, a sovereign remedy for lame back, local rheumatism, pain in the side and breast, fresh wounds, bruises, sprains, weakness in the joints, crick in the back, old sores, frosted feet, swellings, numbness, ague in the face and breast, cracked hands, bites, corns on the feet, and occasional a sea of most kinds to which the human family is subject.

☞For sale at Lewis' Family Grocery.

MARRIED,

At the residence of A. Johnston, in Huntingdon, Jan. 22d, 1868, by A. Johnston, J. P., Mr. AMON BUMGARDNER and Mrs. CATHERINE CODER, both of Trough Creek Valley, Huntingdon County, Pennsylvania.

In Huntingdon, Jan. 24th, 1868, by the same, Mr. THOS. LONG and Miss EMMA ESTEP, both of this place.

MARKETS.

WHOLESALE MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 25, 1867.

Superfine Flour at $7,25@8,25 extra at $8@9,25 fancy extra family $10@11, and Pennsylvania family $10,50@12,25, and fancy brands $12,75@14,00 according to quality. Rye flour $8,75.

Prime Wheat is scarce here. Choice red at $2,45@2,50 white $3,00@3,20. Rye at $1,00@1,05. Corn 1,13 to 1,16 Oats at 78c. Barley unit at $2,00.

Cloverseed $8,50@8,75 according to quality; Timothy at $2,75@3,00; Flaxseed $2,00@3,00 per bushel.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 25.—Flour.—There is a local demand We quote sales of spring wheat Flour at $10,00@11,00, winter Flour at $11,50@12,25 fancy at $14@15,00.

Wheat, winter $2,55@2,65 and No. 1 spring $2,20@2,35 Corn from first hands at $1,00. Rye, $1,45 per bushel. Oats 66@66c; Barley 1,80@1,85. Shoulders 10½c; sides 12c; hams 16c, Lard 13½c.

CHICAGO Jan. 25.—Flour dull spring extra $10,00@10,50. Winter, $8,50@9,50. Spring Wheat is at $2,00@2,07. Corn 81c. Oats, 68cts.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—Gold closed at $1,40.

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY HENRY & CO.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Superfine Flour,	$9 50	Eggs	25
Extra Flour, old	10 ½	Feathers ₰ lb	80
Family Flour	10	Flaxseed	$2,00
Red Wheat,	2,20	Hops ₰ lb	40
White Wheat,	2,30	Ham, smoked	20
Apple Butter ₰ gallon	1,25	Hay ₰ ton	12 00
Bark per cord	9,00	Lard	12½
Barley	1,00	Large Onions ₰ bus	75
Butter	35	Mixed Chop	2,25
Buckwheat	1,00	Oats	60
Buckwheat Meal ₰ cwt.	4,00	Potatoes ₰ bus	90 to 1,00
Bran ₰ cwt	1,25	Plaster per ton	10,00
Brooms ₰ doz	3,00@4,50	Rags ₰ lb	4
Beeswax ₰ lb	30	Rye	1,50
Beans ₰ bus	2,25	Rye Chop ₰ cwt	2,50
Chickens	25	Rye Straw ₰ bundle	10
Country Soap	10	Shorts ₰ cwt	1,50
Corn	$1,00	Shoulder	12
Corn Meal ₰ cwt	2,25	Sides	15
Dried Apples ₰ bu	2,00	Tallow	10 @ 12
Dried Cherries ₰ quart	12	Timothy	2,00
Dried Peaches ₰ lb	16	Turkeys ₰ lb	30
Dried Beef	20	Wool ₰ lb	35
Beef ₰ lb	8	Pork ₰ lb	9
Broad Top Coal ₰ ton	2,50	Hard Coal ₰ ton	$7,00
Green Apples ₰ bus	$1,00	Pig Metal ₰ ton	$26@30
Cloverseed ₰ 64 lbs.	$6 to 7,00	Lumber ₰ 1000 ft	$12@20
Shellbarks ₰ bus	$2,00	Shingles, Lath, ₰ do.	$1@2
Walnuts ₰ bus	50	" Joint, "	02@03
Stock Hogs	6@6 cts. ₰ lb	Cheese	15@20 cts. ₰ lb

SALES.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers a Farm for sale, being a part of the one he resides on in Huntingdon County, about one mile west of the town of Orbisonia, situated on the Aughwick Creek, containing about 125 acres; about 70 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, with a good two story log house, and the masonry work of a bank barn. Also a young apple orchard (150 trees,) of select varieties, with a good site for grape culture. The cleared land is good arable bottom land of an eastern slope.

TERMS—One thousand dollars on confirmation of sale, the balance in two equal annual payments with interest secured by bond and mortgage. A good title will be given and possession on the first day of April next.

☞For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises. JOHN B SHENEFELT.

Oct. 9, 1867.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

THE undersigned have established an Agency in the Borough of

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

For the purchase and sale of all kinds of

REAL ESTATE,

And will give prompt attention to the sale and letting of Houses, Farms, Building Lots, and all other Real Estate business entrusted to their care.

FOR SALE.

A convenient and well finished DWELLING in West Huntingdon; pleasantly situated; a well of good water on the premises; a covered pump, and other conveniences.

A handsome RESIDENCE in the Borough of Huntingdon, conveniently located in a central portion of the town.

A very desirable Lot in West Huntingdon; cheap for cash.

Five other Lots favorably located, some of which are fended. Payments to suit purchasers.

Persons desiring to purchase, will please call and see or apply in person, to

MILLER & ARMITAGE,
Office opposite the Court House,
dec18 Huntingdon, Pa.

NOTICE.

JOHNSTON & WATTSON

TAKE pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Huntingdon county and vicinity that they have just returned from the East with a

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

Which they have just opened out at their new store,

ONE DOOR EAST OF THE WASHINGTON HOTEL

Their stock consists of

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES,
FLOUR AND FEED,
TOBACCO, SEGARS,
CANNED FRUITS,
HARDWARE,
CEDAR-WARE,
QUEENSWARE,
OIL CLOTHS,
OILS,
PAINTS, &C.,
DRUGS,
CARPETS, CARPET CHAIN,
FISH, SALT, CHEESE,
TRUNKS,
HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES, &c. &c.

They have a large stock of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Consisting of SILKS, MOHAIRS, ALPACAS, POPLINS, LUSTRES, GINGHAMS, MERINOS, PLAIDS, DE LAINES, &c., &c., &c.

Also, a large assortment of

DRESS TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERY, HOSIERY, GLOVES, BUTTONS, &c.

A FULL LINE OF WHITE GOODS.

We will sell WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

All goods delivered to residences in town and depots, free of charge.

Give us a trial before purchasing elsewhere.

JOHNSTON & WATTSON.

Huntingdon, April 3, 1867.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON

HAVE

CARPETINGS,

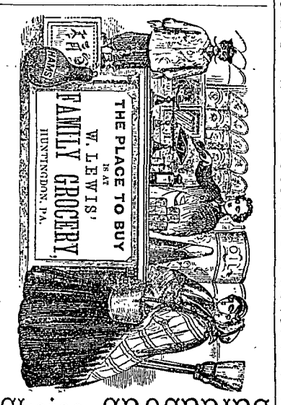
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

For Sale at Wholesale Prices,

SUCH AS, ALL WOOL

INGRAIN,
VENITIAN,
COTTAGE,
STAIR,
HEMP,
RAG, &c.

Huntingdon, July 3, 1867.



Choice GROCERIES

JUST RECEIVED.

Also,

Canned Peaches, Tomatoes, Peas and Corn.

Also,

Spiced Lobster, Oysters, Chow chow, Worcestershire sauce, French Mustard, Horse Radish, Pepper sauce, Catsup, Olive Oil, &c., &c., and

All kinds of Syrups,

such as strawberry, pineapple, blackberry, &c

CALL AND SEE.

HEAD QUARTERS
FOR
NEW GOODS.

D. P. GWIN

INFORMS THE PUBLIC

THAT HE HAS

JUST OPENED

A

SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS

THAT

CAN'T BE BEAT

IN

CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.

COME AND SEE.

D. P. GWIN.

Huntingdon, October 9, '67.

No more Bald Heads!

No more Gray Locks!

DR. LEON'S

ELECTRIC HAIR RENEWER,

Is pronounced by all who have used it the very best preparation for the Hair. It is a positive cure for Baldness, eradicates Dandruff and Humors, stops the hair from falling out, and speedily restores Gray Locks to their original hue and luxuriance.

It operates on the secretions and fills the glands with new life and coloring matter. Thin, dead, faded or gray hair will always be brought back by a few applications, to its youthful abundance, vitality and color.

It makes the hair soft, glossy, fragrant, pleasant to the touch and easy to arrange. Dry, wiry and intractable locks become moist, pliant and disposed to remain in any desired position. *As a Hair Dressing it has no equal.*—The sales are enormous and it is a universal favorite with old and young of both sexes.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States. Address all orders to

ZEIGLER & SMITH,
SOLE PROPRIETORS.
nov 27-1y 137 Nth. Third St., Philadelphia.

ALL KINDS OF TOBACCO also cigars at retail at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

J. C. BLAIR,

BOOKSELLER,

And Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

STATIONERY

AND

WALL PAPER,

Proprietor of the

Huntingdon Circulating Library.

TERMS: Annual subscriptions, $5.00; half yearly, $3.00 quarterly, $1.50. This subscription entitles one person to one new and one old book at a time.

Weekly Subscribers.—For loan of Books per week, 10 cents per volume.

Weekly subscribers will be required in all cases to leave a deposit equal in value to the Book.

The *new Books* will not be allowed to *any* subscriber for a longer period than *four days*; or if detained beyond that time, an additional charge of 2 cents per day; other books seven days, or if detained beyond that time 3 cents per day. Books not returned in *two weeks* to be charged.

All Books are considered old that have been in the Library six months.

Books damaged seriously will be charged.

All payable in advance.

Special terms and arrangements with persons living out of town.

All new and desirable books on hand as soon as issued.

A complete assortment of pictures for

DECALCOMANIA,

OR, THE

ART OF INSTANTLY TRANSFERRING PICTURES

To China, Glass, Tin and Wooden ware, Leather and Paper Mache goods, in short, to all articles of every description.

The following series of Books will be found constantly on hand:

SPELLERS AND READERS.

Parker & Watson's	McGuffey's,	Town's,
Sauder's,	Sargent's,	Worcester's,
Sander's Union,	O-good's,	Bank's, &c.
Hillard's,		

ARITHMETICAL.

Greenleaf's,	Robinson's,	Dean's
Davie's,	Ray's,	Colburn's,
Stoddard's,	Brooks',	Loomis', &c., &c.

GEOGRAPHICAL.

Mitchell's,	Colton & Fitch's,	Guyot's,
Warren's,	Monteith's,	Camp's.

GRAMMARS.

Green's,	Clark's,	Fowsmith's,
Bullion's,	Brown's,	Parker's.

HISTORIES.

Goodrich's,	Pinnock's,	Marti ndale's,
Millard's,	Wilson's,	Worcester's.
	Lossing's,	

DICTIONARIES.

Cobb's,	Reed's,	Walker's,
Jenkin's,	Webster's,	Robbin's.
	Worcester's,	

Speakers, Dialogue, Classical, Botanical, Chemistry, and Miscellaneous School Books.

BLANK BOOKS.

From the small paper cover Pass to the full bound Russia Corner Ledger.

A splendid assortment of

HOLIDAY AND TOY BOOKS,

of English and American manufacture.

Satchels, Bottom Flour Sacks, at jobbing rates—at from $27.50 to $65 per thousand. Printed with any name desired.

Also, Manilla Wrapping, Confectionery and Sugar Bags

DAILY, WEEKLY AND MONTHLY PAPERS AND MAGAZINES OF ALL KINDS.

Choice Havana and Yara SEGARS, Solace, Century, Sunnyside, and other brands of fine cut CHEWING TOBACCO. Bronco, Navy, Spun, &c., &c.

A beautiful stock of Octagon and Square Cornered Rustic Walnut and Gilt

PICTURE FRAMES,

All kinds of Frames on hand and made to order. Imitation Rosewood and Gilt Imitation Walnut and Gilt Gemine Walnut and Plain and Fancy Gilt Frames supplied on short notice.

CARDS OF ALL KINDS.

Music and Periodicals bound in every style at cheap rates.

French and common paper stamped any letter or letters, plain or in colors.

Photographs, Albums, Engravings, Artist's Materials, such as Monochromte Boards, Tube Paints, Crayons, &c.

Also, Agent for the Singer Family and Manufacturing SEWING MACHINES—a Machine that will Hem, Braid, Cord, Tuck, Quilt and Bind. Please call and examine—A full assortment of the different styles constantly on hand.

All orders and inquiries by mail will receive prompt attention.

J. C. BLAIR,
HUNTINGDON, PA.,
Dec18, 1867-tf. Next to Broad Top Ticket Office.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

TO THE LADIES.—Do you really intend to cease wearing the beautiful styles now so prevalent, or dress less elegantly, because the rebel Jeff. Davis, was captured in Fashionable Female attire? One moment's calm reflection will surely serve to change your rash resolve. The angels had too much good sense to lay aside their pure chaste robes of white, because they had for a time served to hide the deformities of that Prince of Rebels, the Devil. Can you err in following the example of Angels? Then having made up your minds that you will continue to dress tastefully regardless of rebelacts, *do not forget to call at the store of the subscribers, who will be happy at all times to furnish you with such articles of dress as you may desire.* Urge your father, husband, brothers, neighbors and children to visit the same store. They can here be suited in good articles of Boots, Shoes, Clothing Material, Hats, Caps, Queensware and a general assortment of Groceries, on as reasonable terms as at any House in town. Store on Southeast corner of the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

may 31, 1865. FRANCIS B. WALLACE.

NOTICE TO ALL.

HILL STREET MARKET,

OPPOSITE THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

R. G. MORRISON respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he continues the meat market business in all its various branches, and will keep constantly on hand

Fresh Beef, Pork, Pudding and Sausage, salt Beef and Pork, Canned Fruit and Vegetables, Spices of all kinds, Catsups and Sauces, Teas, Soaps, Cheese, Salt, Lard, &c., &c.,

All of which he will continue to sell at reasonable prices The highest prices paid for hides and tallow. Thomas Colder, at Alexandria, and March & Bro., at Coffee Run, are my agents to purchase at their places.

Thankful for past patronage, I solicit a continuance of the same. H. G. MORRISON.

Huntingdon, Oct. 30, 1867.

ENERGETIC MEN AND LADIES WANTED to Canvass for the

ORIGIN AND HISTORY OF THE

BOOKS OF THE BIBLE.

BY PROF. CALVIN E. STOWE, D. D.

Showing what the Bible is not; what it is, and how to use it; tracing the history of each book up to its origin with the inspired authors, and completely answering all Infidel cavils and objections to the Scriptures. It is an ordinary library of Biblical History in a single volume, brief, clear, accurate, conclusive and highly interesting. A master piece of common sense. It is needed in every family where the Bible is read, as well as by every Sabbath School teacher, student and clergyman, and being the only book on the subject ever published or sold in this country, agents can easily see the advantage of canvassing for this work. Send for circulars containing notices and indorsements from leading ministers of all denominations. Address

ZEIGLER, McCURDY & CO.,
no6-1m No. 614 Arch street, Philadelphia.

STOVES, GRATES, RANGES, &C.

ANY of the above articles can be had by addressing the subscriber. Stoves of all kinds and sizes to suit the wants of all.

We call the attention of the public to the

AUTOCRAT COOKING STOVE,

a stove beyond competition. It is a pretty pattern, good baker, with large oven, and suitable for either coal or wood. Stoves furnished at foundry prices. Any person wishing to purchase a stove without *cooking utensils can do so, and the prices* of all the articles will be deducted. All stoves warranted. Samples can be seen at Mr. Hughe's store, Mill Creek, or at the residence of the subscriber.

All parlor stoves furnished at low prices. Stoves delivered at any railroad station.

D. WALKER,
se18-tf Airy Dale, Huntingdon county, Pa

TO THE LADIES.

The best assortment of

ELLIPTIC SKIRTS,

Just received this day from New York and for sale at the cheap cash store of WM. MARCH & BRO.

A splendid assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

FANCY TRIMMINGS AND BUTTONS

Just received this day from New York and for sale cheap at [may7] WM. MARCH & BRO.

IF YOU WANT the BEST SYRUP go to CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

☞For neat JOB PRINTING, call at the "Globe Job Printing Office," at Huntingdon, Pa

GROUND ALUM AND SALINA SALT at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

THE PLACE TO BUY

NEW AND CHEAP GOODS

FOR FALL AND WINTER.

W. MARCH & BRO.,

Respectfully inform the public generally that they have just received a large and splendid stock of goods at their store in Huntingdon, consisting in part of

SILKS,
DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS, CAPS, TINWARE,
LADIES' FANCY TRIMMINGS,
HOOP SKIRTS, BONNETS, BUTTONS,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE,
PROVISIONS, GROCERIES,
CRACKERS, NOTIONS,
TOBACCO, SEGARS,
GLASS, NAILS,
FISH, SALT,
&c., &c.

Also, CARPETS and OIL-CLOTH,

And in fact everything that is usually kept in a first-class store, all which were bought low for cash and will sold at correspondingly low prices for cash, or country produce, and request the public to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, feeling satisfied we can offer superior inducements to cash buyers.

We respectfully solicit the patronage of all, and the public are cordially invited to examine our goods.

Everything taken in exchange for goods except promises.

WM. MARCH & BRO.

Huntingdon, oc. 9, 1867.

MEDICAL ELECTRICITY

BY

DR. WILLIAM BREWSTER,

M'CONNELLSTOWN, PA.

—If—

For the benefit of those proposing to undertake Electrical treatment for diseases we give in the following list a few of the more prominent and most common complaints met with in our practice, in all of which we are most successful. It NEARLY ALL CASES OF CHRONIC DISEASE, ELECTRICITY IS A SURE REMEDY, AND IN ALL CASES BENEFICIAL, IF PROPERLY APPLIED. There, therefore, afflicted with complaints not here enumerated, need have no hesitation in applying, and whether only RELIEF, or a PERMANENT CURE can be effected, they will receive replies accordingly. All communications (free).

1 Epilepsy, Chorea, St. Vitus' Dance, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Hysteria, Nervousness, Palpitation of the Heart, Lock-Jaw, etc.
2 Sore Throat, Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Obstinate Constipation, Hemorrhoids, or Piles, Bilious, Flatulent, and Painter's Colic, and all affections of the Liver and Spleen.
3 Catarrh, Cough, Influenza, Asthma, (where not caused by organic disease of the heart,) Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Rheumatism of the Chest, Consumption in the early stages.
4

A SPECIALTY.

A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

LADIES' AND GENTS'

FURNISHING GOODS,

AT REDUCED PRICES,

Just received at

RUDOLPH'S

TEMPLE OF FASHION

LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

In this department, which will at all times receive my strict attention, I have a well assorted display of

Dress Trimmings, Cloak and Sacque Trimmings, Dress Buttons, Gloves, Vails, Zephyr Knit Shawls, Nubias, Hoods, Sontags, Handkerchiefs, Fall Hats, Hat and Bonnet Frames, Velvet Ribbons, Corsets, Hosiery, and latest style Sacques from $5 to $20.

GENTS' DEPARTMENT.

Hats and Caps, all styles, from 50 cents to $10, Shirts, Drawers, Gloves, Neck Ties, Collars, Hosiery, and every article kept in a first class Furnishing Store.

By making my business a specialty, I hope to meet with such patronage from the public as will enable me to keep continually on hand a large and well selected stock of first class goods. Whilst keeping up to the fashion in every article, I will also sell cheaper than the cheapest.

W. P. RUDOLPH,
Opposite Leister's New Building.
Huntingdon, Oct. 30, 1867.

TO THE LADIES

W. B. ZEIGLER

Would respectfully inform the Ladies of Huntingdon and the country generally, that he has just returned from New York and Philadelphia, where he has purchased a large stock of goods almost

EXCLUSIVELY FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN.

Ladies' Furnishing Goods, Fancy and plain Dress Trimmings, Ladies' Under garments, Merino Vests and Drawers, Corsets, Balmorals, Hoop Skirts, Shawls, Scarfs, Hoods, knit of various styles and patterns, Ladies' and Children's Stockings of all styles and colors, Also,

Dress Goods, Prints, Delaines, Plaids, Alpacas, Ginghams, Brown and Bleached Muslins, &c.

Gents' Undershirts, Drawers, and Stockings.

All goods sold at the lowest cash prices, and as cheap as the cheapest.

OPPOSITE THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.
Huntingdon, Nov. 6, 1867.

READ AND BE POSTED!

TO THE NEWLY MARRIED

AND ALL IN WANT OF

New Furniture, &c.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that he manufactures and keeps constantly on hand a large and splendid assortment of

DINING AND BREAKFAST TABLES,
BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS,
WASH AND CANDLE STANDS

Windsor and cane seat chairs, cupboards, gilt and rosewood moulding for mirror and picture frames, and a variety of articles not mentioned, at prices that cannot fail to be satisfactory.

He is also agent for the well known Bailey & Decamp patent spring Seat Bottom.

The public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Work and sales room on Hill street, near Smith, one door west of Yenter's store.

JAMES HIGGINS.

Huntingdon, Aug. 1, 1866

FURNITURE!

J. M. WISE,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

FURNITURE

Respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his stand on Hill st., Huntingdon, in the rear of George W Swartz' Watch and Jewelry store, where he manufactures and keeps all kinds of Furniture at reduced prices. Persons wishing to purchase, will do well to give him a call.

Repairing of all kinds attended to promptly and charges reasonable.

☞ Also, Undertaking carried on, and Coffins made in any style desired, at short notice.

The subscriber has a

NEW AND ELEGANT HEARSE

and is prepared to attend Funerals at any place in town or country.

J. M. WISE.

Huntingdon, May 9, 1866-tf

Can't Be Beaten!

JOHN H. WESTBROOK

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a New and splendid stock of

GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERIES,

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.

all of which he is prepared to sell at greatly reduced prices.

Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.

Huntingdon, may 1, 1867

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

WM. AFRICA

Informs the public that he has just opened at his old stand in the Diamond, Huntingdon,

A Fine Assortment of all kinds of BOOTS AND SHOES,

For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.

All of which he will sell at fair prices. *Quick sales and small profits.* Call and examine my stock.

Manufacturing and Repairing done to order as usual.

Huntingdon, May 1, 1867.

GEO. SHAEFFER

Has just returned from the east with a

SPLENDID STOCK

OF

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &C.,

Which he offers to the inspection of his customers and the public generally. He will sell his stock at the most

REASONABLE PRICES,

and those who purchase once will surely call again.

BOOTS & SHOES MADE TO ORDER,

and REPAIRING done in the neatest and most expeditious manner.

Call upon Mr. Schaeffer at his shop on Hill street, a few doors west of the Diamond. my2

JOHN BARE, W. H. WOODS, P. M. BARE, W. F. M'LAUGHLIN

JOHN BARE, & CO., Bankers,

Huntingdon, Pa.

Solicit accounts from Banks, Bankers & others. Interest allowed on Deposits. All kinds of Securities, bought and sold for the usual commission. Special attention given to Government Securities. Collections made on all points.

Persons depositing Gold and Silver will receive the same in return with interest;

Oct. 17, 1866-tf.

MONEY!

ECONOMY IS MONEY SAVED!

The subscriber is permanently located in Huntingdon, and is prepared to purchase, or repair in the best style, and expeditiously, broken

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.

All articles intrusted to him will be returned to the residence of the owner as soon as repaired. Umbrellas and parasols for repair can be left at his residence on St. Clair, street near Benedict's.

WM. PENTIMAN.

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.

H. ROMAN

EVERY FAMILY

Will find at Lewis' Family Grocery, every article usually kept in first class Grocery stores. Call for what you want.

FOR THE LADIES.

A superior article of Note Paper and Envelope suitable for *confidential* correspondence, for sale at *LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.*

☞ For plain, fancy and ornamental printing, call at the "Globe" Office.

BELLS!

BELLS!!

BELLS!!!

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

SLEIGH BELLS,

Ever exhibited at HUNTINGDON, Loose, and Strapped, in every style, NOW OPENED, and being sold at very LOW PRICES, at

JAS. A. BROWN'S

HARDWARE STORE,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

ALSO,

SLEIGH RUNNERS,

FENDERS,

SHAFTS,

SOLES,

STEEL SOLES,

WILLOW SLEIGH

BASKETS, SLEIGH and

WAGON WHIPS,

FINE HARNESS MOUNTINGS.

A good stock of well seasoned

HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES,

and a general stock of

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY,

Paints, Oils, Glass,

STOVES,

&c.,

Including the late Patent

"ECLIPSE" COOK STOVE,

Which throws all other Stoves in the shade and pleases so well that everybody wants

THE ECLIPSE.

Don't forget the SIGN OF THE PADLOCK.

Huntingdon, Jan. 15, '68-tf.

WHARTON & MAGUIRE,

HILL STREET,

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, &C.

The attention of

MECHANICS, FARMERS, BUILDERS,

and buyers generally, is invited to the fact that we are now offering a BETTER ASSORTMENT of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY &C.,

than can be found elsewhere in this part of the State, at prices to suit the times. Our stock comprises all articles in this line of business, embracing a general assortment of TOOLS and MATERIALS used by CARPENTERS, BLACKSMITHS, CARRIAGE and WAGON MAKERS JOINERS, &c., &c., together with a large stock of

Iron, Steel, Nails, Spikes, Railroad and Mining Supplies, Saddlery, Rope, Chains, Grindstones, Circular, Mill and Cross-Cut Saws, Enamelled, Finished and Plain Hollow Ware.

Coal Oil Lamps and Lanterns, Oil and Powder Cans.

An excellent assortment of

Fine Cutlery,

Comprising

KNIVES, FORKS, DESSERT, TEA AND TABLE SPOONS, SCISSORS, RAZORS, &C.

BRITTANIA & SILVER PLATED WARE.

Household, Horticultural and Farm Implements,

Of the latest and most improved patterns,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE

AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

CARRIAGE & WAGON MAKERS

Will find a general assortment of material for their use consisting in part of

Carriage Trimmings, Hubs, Spokes, Rims, Axles, Springs, Nuts, Bolts, Washers, Malleable Irons, Patent and enamelled Leather, Whips, Tongues, Sockets, Shafts, &c.

BLACKSMITHS

Can be supplied with

ANVILS, BELLOWS, VICES,
SLEDGES, HAMMERS,
HORSE AND MULE SHOES,
Horse Nails, and all kinds of Iron & Steel

CARPENTERS

Will find in our establishment a superior stock of PLANES,
SAWS,
AUGERS,
HATCHETS,
HAMMERS,
FILES,
CHISELS,
HINGES,
SCREWS,
LOCKS,
BOLTS,
PULLEYS,
SASH-CORDS, &C., &C.

MINING AND MINERS' GOODS.

NAILS and SPIKES, of all varieties

BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,

COAL PICKS AND SHOVELS.

Farmers

Can be accommodated with everything in their line from a Grain Separator to a Whet-stone.

Builders

Are especially invited to call and examine our stock of

BUILDING HARDWARE,

and compare our prices with others.

Agricultural Implements,

Comprising the famous Russell

Reaper, Mower, and Dropper, combined,

Rundell's First Premium HORSE PITCHFORK,

Rakes,
Scythes,
Hoes,
Hay Forks,
Trace and Halter Chains,
Breast Chains,
Cow Ties,
Curry Combs,
Cards, &c., &c., &c.

Among the specialities of our House, we desire to call attention to the celebrated

OHIO PUMP,

The exclusive right to sell which is vested in us. Send for acircular and get full particulars of same, and satisfy yourself of its superior qualities.

SCALES.

Scales of all sizes and descriptions, including

Tea and Counter Scales, Platform Scales, Grocers' and Druggists' Scales, Rolling Mill, Wheelbarrow, Pork, Portable, Hopper, Miners and Transportation, Hay, Cattle and Coal Scales,

FURNISHED AT MANUFACTURERS' CASH PRICES.

The largest and best assortment of

GLASS, PAINTS, OIL & PUTTY,

Ever offered in this place.

A GREAT VARIETY OF

COOK & PARLOR STOVES.

ALL SIZES OF

NAILS AND BRADS,

By the keg. Very low!

Best Norway nail, rod, bar an hoop Iron.

STEEL, of all sizes and descriptions.

WAGON-BOXES,
CARRIAGE SPRINGS,
IRON AND BRASS WIRE.

Lard, Lubricating and Coal Oil,

By the barrel or gallon, at very low figures.

☞ A call is respectfully solicited, feeling confident that our goods and prices will not fail to please. ☜

WHARTON & MAGUIRE.

Huntingdon, May 7, 1867.

Philadelphia Advertisements.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS.—The Grafton Mineral Paint Co. are now manufacturing the Best, Cheapest and most Durable Paint in use: two coats well put on, mixed with pure, linseed Oil, will last from 10 to 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive, or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for barns, fences, carriages and car makers, pails and wooden-ware, agricultural implements, coal bins, vessels and ships' bottoms, canvas, metal and shingle roofs, it being fire and water proof. Rose oil cloths, (one manufacturer having used 300 bbls. the past year,) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity, and adhesiveness. Price $2 per bbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for several years. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars.—None genuine unless handed in a trade mark Grafton Mineral Paint. Address DANIEL HOWELL,
ap4-6m 251 Pearl street, New York.

☞ Two Barrels of the above paint for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

STEVENS HOUSE,

21, 23, 25, & 27 BROADWAY, N. Y.

OPPOSITE BOWLING GREEN.

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

THE STEVENS HOUSE is well and widely known to the travelling public. The location is especially suitable to merchants and business men; it is in close proximity to the business part of the city—is on the highway of Southern and Western travel—and adjacent to all the principal Railroad and Steamboat depots.

THE STEVENS HOUSE has liberal accommodations for over 200 guests—it is well furnished, and possesses every modern improvement for the comfort and entertainment of its inmates. The rooms are spacious and well ventilated—provided with gas and water—the attendance is prompt and respectful—and the table is generously provided with every delicacy of the season—at moderate rates. The rooms having been refurnished and remodeled, we are enabled to offer extra facilities for the comfort and pleasure of our Guests.

GEO. K. CHASE & CO.
Aug. 14, '67-6m. PROPRIETORS.

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

NO DUST! NO GAS!! NO DAMPERS!!

ESTABLISHED 1831.

J. REYNOLDS & SON,

N. W. Corner 13th & Filbert streets,

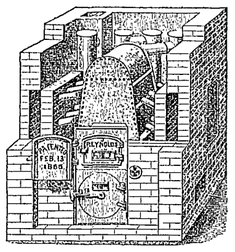
PHILADELPHIA, PA.,

Sole Manufacturers of the Celebrated

WROUGHT-IRON, AIR-TIGHT

GAS-CONSUMING HEATER,

WITH PATENT DUST-SCREEN,



For ease of management without any dampers, Durability, Simplicity, and Economy, this Heater has no superior in this country. They are all guaranteed to give satisfaction. Estimates made free of charge.

Cooking Ranges, Latrobe Heaters, Slate Mantles, Low Down Grates, Portable Heaters, Registers, Ventilators, &c., &c.

Send for one of our Illustrated Pamphlets. [ap10-1y

628. HOOP SKIRTS. 628.

WM. T. HOPKINS.

"OWN MAKE."

After more than *five years experience* and experiment ing in the manufacture of STRICTLY FIRST QUALITY HOOP SKIRTS, we offer our justly celebrated goods to merchants and the public in full confidence of their superiority over all others in the American market, and they are so acknowledged by all who wear or deal in them, as they give more satisfaction than any other Skirt and recommend themselves in every respect. Dealers in this line of goods should make a note of this fact. Every lady who has not given them a trial should do so without further delay.

Our assortment embraces every style, length and size for Ladies, Misses and Children. Also, Skirts made to order altered and repaired.

Ask for "Hopkins' own Make," and be not deceived.—See that the letter "H" is woven on the Tapes between each Hoop, and that they are stamped "W. T. HOPKINS, MANUFACTURER, 628 ARCH STREET, PHILAD'A," upon each tape. No others are genuine.

Also, constantly on hands full line of good New York and Eastern made Skirts at very low prices. Wholesale and Retail at the Philadelphia Hoop Skirt Manufactory and Emporium,

NO. 628 ARCH STREET, PHILAD'A.
WM. T. HOPKINS.

aug22-3m

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE!

Excellent for Females and Weakly Persons.

Used by hundreds of Congregations for Church or Communion purposes.

VINEYARDS—Los Angeles, California, and Passaic, New Jersey.

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE, Four Years Old. This justly celebrated native Wine is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape raised in this country. Its invaluable Tonic and Strengthening Properties are unsurpassed by any other native wine. Being the pure juice of the grape produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid may use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that afflict the weaker sex. It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

Invalids use Speer's Port Grape Wine; Females Use Speer's Port Grape Wine; Weakly Persons Find a Benefit by its Use; Speer's Wines in Hospitals are preferred to other Wines.

Principal Office, A. SPEER,
No. 243 BROADWAY, opposite City Hall Park, N. Y.
Sold by John Reed, and Samuel Smith, Druggists, Huntingdon. ap18

LADIES' FANCY FURS,

AT

JOHN FAREIRA'S

OLD ESTABLISHED

Fur Manufactory

718 ARCH Street, above Seventh,

PHILADELPHIA.

I have now in store of my own importation and Manufacture, one of the LARGEST and most BEAUTIFUL selections of

Fancy Furs,

LADIES' and CHILDRENS WEAR, in the City. Also, a fine assortment of Gent's Fur Gloves and Collars.

I am enabled to dispose of my goods at very REASONABLE PRICES and I would therefore solicit a call from my friends of Huntingdon county and vicinity.

☞ Remember the Name, Number and Street ☜

JOHN FAREIRA,
718 ARCH Street, above 7th, South side,
PHILADELPHIA.

☞ I HAVE NO PARTNER, NOR CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE IN PHILADELPHIA. ☜

BEST BLEACHED MUSLIN

Always on hand at

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

A LARGE VARIETY of articles too numerous to mention, for sale at LEWIS Family Grocery. Call and see.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON

Have received,

10,000 DOLLARS WORTH

OF

NEW & FASHIONABLE GOODS

From the eastern markets, which they can, with profit, sell at lower figures than can be sold at any other house in the county.

PRICES THE SAME AS BEFORE THE WAR.

A good Calico Dress for a Dollar & a Levy

THE BEST HEAVY MUSLINS

Lower than they can be bought out-side of Philadelphia

THEIR STOCK IS IMMENSE,

Consisting of everything that eye can fancy or heart wish

Come and see their fine assortment of

CHOICE SYRUP,

LOWER than ever before also.

EVERY KIND OF SUGAR

At greatly reduced prices.

COME AND SEE OUR STOCK,

and do not pay high prices any longer.

Cunningham & Carmon.

Huntingdon, ap24

NEW LEATHER STORE.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that, in connection with their TANNERY, they have just opened a splendid assortment of

FINE LEATHER,

Consisting in part of

FRENCH CALF SKIN,
KIP,
MOROCCO,
LININGS,
BINDINGS,
SOLE,
UPPER,
HARNESS,
SKIRTING, &C.,

Together with a general assortment of

FINDINGS.

The trade is invited to call and examine our stock. Store on HILL street, two doors west of the Presbyterian church.

The highest price paid for HIDES and BARK.

G. H. MILLER & SON.

Huntingdon, may 1, 1867

UNITED STATES

Authorized WAR CLAIM AGENCY

HUNTINGDON, PA.

SOLDIERS' HEIRS, ATTENTION!

The act of Congress approved March 2, 1867, gives to Heirs of Soldiers who died prisoners of war,

COMMUTATION FOR RATIONS,

for the time the soldier was so held a prisoner, at the rate of twenty-five cents per day, to be paid in the following order: 1st. To the widow, if unmarried; 2d. To the children; 3d. To the parents, to both jointly if they are living, if either is dead, to the survivor; 4th. To the brothers and sisters.

The act of February 28, 1867, provides for the refunding of the $300 Commutation Money, where the same person was again drafted, and was required to enter the service or furnish a substitute.

DISCHARGED SOLDIERS.

The act of March 2, 1867, also makes provisions for the payment of the

$100 ADDITIONAL BOUNTY

to such soldiers as have accidentally lost their discharges

All persons having any claims under any of the above mentioned Acts, or any other kind of claim against the United States or State Governments, can have them promptly collected, by addressing the under-signed. In formation and advice cheerfully given to soldiers or their friends, free of charge.

W. H. WOODS,
Authorized Army and Navy Claim Agent,
may9,'67 HUNTINGDON, Huntingdon co., Pa.

MUSIC STORE.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND SEWING MACHINES.

B. M. GREENE has removed his Music Store, to the second floor of Leister's building, where he keeps constantly on hand STEINWAY & SONS' and GABRIEL'S Piano Manufacturing Company's PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CAMBART, NEDDIAM & CO.S' MELODEONS; Guitars, Violins, Fifes, Flutes; Guitar and Violin Strings.

MUSIC BOOKS—Golden Chain, Golden Shower, Golden Censer, Golden Trio, &c., &c.

SHEET MUSIC.—He is constantly receiving from Philadelphia all the latest music, which persons at a distance wishing, can order, and have sent them by mail.

Also GROVER & BAKER'S Celebrated SEWING MACHINES—the only machine that, in addition to every kind of sewing, embroiders perfectly; sewing Silk and Cotton of all kinds and colors for machines.

Persons buying Sewing Machines fully instructed in the use of them.

☞ Pianos and Organs Warranted for five years.

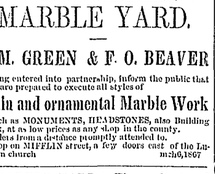
Those wishing to buy any of the above articles are invited to call and examine mine before purchasing elsewhere. My prices are the same as in New York and Philadelphia.

Circulars of Instruments or Machines, sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.

B. M. GREENE.
Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.,
may8,'67 Second floor of Leister's new brick building

HUNTINGDON

MONUMENTS. HEADSTONES, ETC.



MARBLE YARD.

J. M. GREEN & F. O. BEAVER

Having entered into partnership, inform the public that they are prepared to execute all styles of

Plain and ornamental Marble Work

Such as MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, also Building Work, at as low prices as any shop in the county.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Shop on MIFFLIN street, a few doors east of the Lutheran church m2n6,1867

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. K. plages himself to furnish material and work manship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on the corner of Montgomery and Mifflin sts., Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. WILLIAMS.

Huntingdon, May 16 1855.

CHEESE. CHEESE.

The best always for sale at

LEWIS' FAMILY GROCERY.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST ARTICLE OUT.

A PERFECT TIME-PIECE FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Let every Housekeeper, Farmer, Mechanic, and Traveller buy our

SOLAR WATCH,

or Perpetual Portable Sun-Dial,

Warranted to Keep True Time for every Day of the Year

This valuable instrument, which is warranted by us to give the true time of day throughout the year, is constructed on strictly scientific principles being based on astronomical tables and calculations, and affording the truest measure of time which human ingenuity and skill can devise exceeding in accuracy and reliability the most perfect chronometers, whilst the low price at which we offer it to the public places it within the reach of all. Its portability makes it convenient for travelers, and to every farmer or householder it must prove invaluable to regulate their clocks and watches by the most infallible test recognized by science.

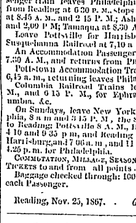
The mode of using the "Solar Watch" is the simplest that can be devised. After screwing the Style or Gnomon in its place in the moveable brass head and setting it directly over the straight line corresponding to the date, or that nearest to it on the cylinder, the instrument is placed upright in the sunshine in such a position as will throw the shadow of the Style directly upon the line under it. After placing the plumb-line, by means of its brass attachment, at a right angle with and to the left of the Style, in order to set the cylinder perfectly level, the point where the extremity of the shadow falls, and its distance from any of the wavy or cross lines exhibiting the morning and corresponding afternoon hours, will indicate the true time of day.

The whole apparatus, consisting of a Cylinder and Diagram, moveable brass Head, Style, Plumb line, and Brass attachment for the same, neatly put up in compact boxes, is sold by us at the incredibly low price of ONE DOLLAR. Manufactured and sold, wholesale and retail, by

BRYENS, FABRE & CO.,
31 North Ninth Street, Philada.

☞ For sale, wholesale and retail, at Wm. Lewis' Book Store, Huntingdon, Pa. Agents wanted to sell the article—apply immediately. WM. LEWIS.

se4 Agent for Huntingdon county.



The Last Crowning Success.

Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S IMPROVED HAIR RESTORER

FAVORITE

HAIR DRESSING

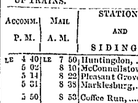
New Style in one Bottle

will quickly restore Gray Hair to its natural color and beauty, and produce luxuriant growth. It is perfectly harmless, and is preferred over every other preparation by those who have a fine head of hair, as well as those who wish to restore it. The beautiful gloss and perfume imparted to the Hair make it desirable for old and young.

For Sale by all Druggists.

DEPOT, 198 GREENWICH ST., N. Y.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR



READING RAIL ROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT,

NOVEMBER 25, 1867.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, TAMAQUA, ALLENTOWN, LEHIGH, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, BERNARD, LITIZ, LANCASTER, COLUMBIA, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3 00, 6 25 and 8,10 A. M., and 2 05 and 9.25 P. M., connecting with similar trains on the Pennsylvania R.R. Arriving at New York 3,10, 10 15 and 11 50 A. M., and 3,40, and 9 39 P. M. Sleeping cars accompany the 2 00 a m and 9 25 p. m. trains without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua Minersville, Ashland, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8 10 A. M., and 2 05 and 4 10 P. M., stopping at principal stations and principal way stations; the 4 10 p. m. train making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna R.R., leave Harrisburg at 2 25 P. M.

Returning, leave NEW-YORK at 9 A. M., 12 Noon, 5 & 8 P. M.; Philadelphia at 8,15 A. M., and 3 30 P. M.; Way Passenger train leaves Philadelphia at 7 30 A. M. returning from Reading at 6 20 P. M., stops at all stations; Pottsville at 8 45 A. M., and 2 15 P. M.; Ashland 6 00 and 12,10 m, and 2,00 P. M; Tamaqua at 8,30 A. M., and 1 and 8 45 P. M.

Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 7,10 a. m. and 12 noon.

An Accommodation Passenger Train leaves READING at 7,25 A. M., and returns from PHILADELPHIA at 4,00 P. M.

Pottstown Accommodation Train: Leaves Pottstown at 6,15 a. m., returning leaves Philadelphia at 5,30 p. m.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7 00 A. M., and 4 15 P. M., for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbus, &c.

On Sundays, leave New York at 8 00 P. M., Philadelphia, 8 a m and 3,15 P. M., the 8 a m train running only to Reading; Pottsville 8 A. M., Harrisburg, 8 25 a m, and 4 10 and 9 35 p m, and Reading 1 00, and 7 15 a m, for Harrisburg, at 7 05 a. m., and 11 40 p. m., for New York, and 1,25 p. m. for Philadelphia.

COMMUTATION, MILEAGE, SEASON, SCHOOL, and EXCURSION TICKETS to and from all points at reduced rates.

Baggage checked through: 150 pounds Baggage allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
Reading, Nov. 25, 1867. *General Superintendent.*

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

WESTWARD. MAIL	PHILADA. EXPRESS	EASTERN EXPRESS	EASTERN TRAIN	CHRISTIANA EXPRESS	STATIONS.	EASTWARD EXPRESS	MAIL	PHILADA. EXPRESS
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.			A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
5 15	.....	12 15	.....		N. Hamilton,	.....	6 01	.....
5 30	.....	12 26	.....		Mt. Union,	10 00	4 50	.....
5 30	.....	12 40	.....		Mapleton,	.....	4 45	.....
5 40	.....	12 58	.....		Mill Creek,	PS 54	4 36	.....
5 55	7 05	1 20	9 30		Huntingdon,	9 45	4 23	10 55
6 14	.....	1 30	.....		Petersburg,	9 27	4 04	.....
6 21	.....	1 38	.....		Barree,	9 20	3 58	.....
6 28	.....	1 50	.....		Spruce Creek,	9 10	3 48	.....
*6 41	.....	2 05	.....		Birmingham,	.....	3 33	.....
6 48	7 52	2 14	9 21		Tyrone,	8 58	3 28	10 08
*7 01	.....	2 27	.....		Tipton,	PS 46	3 17	.....
7 07	.....	2 36	.....		Fosteria,	.....	3 12	.....
7 12	.....	2 42	.....		Bell's Mills,	8 33	3 08	.....
7 30	8 35	3 05	4 47		Altoona,	8 20	2 50	9 35
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.			A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

The FAST LINE Eastward leave Altoona at 12 15 A. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 1 20 A. M.

The CINCINNATI EXPRESS Eastward leaves Altoona at 4 25 P. M. and arrives at Huntingdon at 5 40 P. M.

The FAST LINE Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 46 P. M. and arrives at Altoona at 9 00 P. M.

Nov. 24, 1867.

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after MONDAY, OCT. 16TH, 1867, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

UP TRAINS. ACCOMM.	MAIL	STATIONS AND SIDINGS.	DOWN TRAINS. ACCOMM.	MAIL
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.
LE 4 40	LE 7 50	Huntingdon,	AR 9 30	AR 4 17
5 02	8 10	McConnellstown,	9 03	3 57
5 14	8 22	Pleasant Grove,	8 58	3 40
5 21	8 28	Marklesburg,	8 38	3 30
5 50	8 53	Coffee Run,	8 22	3 15
6 00	9 01	Rough & Ready,	8 10	3 08
6 10	9 12	Cove,	7 58	2 54
6 20	9 16	Fisher's Summit,	7 53	2 50
AR 6 38	AR 9 33	Saxton,	AR 7 35	LE 2 33
	LE 9 40	Saxton,		AR 2 30
	10 00	Riddlesburg,		2 08
	10 08	Hopewell,		2 00
	10 21	Piper's Run,		1 44
	10 42	Patcraille,		1 19
	10 52	Bloody Run,		1 07
	AR 11 05	Mount Dallas,		LE 1 00

SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.

LE 6 40	LE 9 50	Saxton,	AR 7 30	AR 2 30
6 58	10 03	Coalmont,	7 15	2 15
7 05	10 10	Crawford,	7 10	2 10
AR 7 15	AR 10 20	Dudley,	LE 7 05	LE 2 05
		Rural Pot City,		

Huntingdon Oct. 23, 1867. JOHN M'MILLEN, Supt

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.

THOMAS N. COLDER.

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THOS. N. COLDER.

Alexandria, Oct. 23, 1866-tf.

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